BIBB COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018



Bibb County School District Finance Division

484 Mulberry Street Macon, Georgia 31201



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I. INTRODUCTORY SECTION



January 28, 2019

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Public Education for Bibb County and Citizens of Bibb County, Georgia:

As required by State law (O.C.G.A. §50-6-6), every general purpose local government must publish a complete set of audited financial statements at the close of each fiscal year. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Mauldin & Jenkins, Certified Public Accountants, LLC, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Bibb County School District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report. A single audit was also conducted to meet the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The results of the Single Audit are presented in the last section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE BIBB COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Bibb County, the 55th county formed in Georgia, was created in 1822 and built up to support Macon, a town which had sprung up across the Ocmulgee River from the frontier post known as Fort Hawkins. Houston, Jones, Monroe and Twiggs counties gave up territory to create Bibb, which takes its name from a distinguished Georgian, Dr. William Wyatt Bibb. He was Alabama's first elected Governor. Macon bears the name of a North Carolinian, Nathaniel Macon.

On July 31, 2012, the voters of Macon and Bibb County approved Georgia House Bill 1171, creating a consolidated Macon-Bibb County government with a nine-member commission led by an elected mayor who serves as the president of the Board of Commissioners. The new Macon-Bibb County government was sworn in on Tuesday, December 31, 2013 before a crowd of hundreds at City Hall, unifying the city and county 17 months after voters approved consolidation and nearly a century after the idea was first seriously proposed. The merger of the city and county became effective on January 1, 2014. The new governmental entity is called Macon-Bibb County.

The Bibb County School District is a political subdivision of the State of Georgia, the boundaries of which are coextensive in the territorial limits of Macon-Bibb County. The District is separate from and legally and fiscally independent of the Board of Commissioners and all other political subdivisions in the state. The District is the only public school district in Macon-Bibb County and is vested, pursuant to constitutional authority, with the power to conduct a system of public education within its boundaries.

The Board of Public Education for Bibb County (Board) is the official governing body of the District and as such is responsible for the operation of all public schools within Macon-Bibb County. Annually, the Board elects a President, Vice-President, and Treasurer. The Superintendent also serves as an ex-officio Secretary of the Board. The Superintendent is appointed by the Board for a term that is determined by the Board. As its Chief Executive Officer, the Superintendent has general supervisory and administrative responsibility for all departments and personnel of the District. The Georgia Constitution provides that the management and control of the School District shall be under the Board of Education. The eight elected Board members have policy and decision-making authority.

The school district's first locally approved charter school (Academy for Classical Education – ACE) opened its doors on Monday, August 4, 2014 with 759 kindergarten through 8th grade students, with intentions of adding one additional grade each year. As of June 30, 2018, ACE had 1,541 students in kindergarten through eleventh grade. The school is located in North Bibb County in a partially renovated 200,000 square foot former corporate building sitting on 39 acres. According to the founders of ACE, former Bibb County School District Educators Laura Perkins and Esterine Stokes, an ACE classical education means extensive Latin study that starts in the 3rd grade and continues in every subsequent grade. The mission of ACE is to build the foundation of knowledge and critical thinking skills necessary for children to become independent learners for life.

The Bibb County School District embraces a long held tradition of excellence in education and is committed to providing achievement and performance for every school, for every classroom, and for every child. A pervasive belief within this system of schools is that each student, regardless of socio-economic status, race, neighborhood, or family structure, deserves an education that will establish a foundation for life-long success. The full-time student enrollment in October 2017 was 24,110, an increase of 122 over the prior year. Regardless of economic status, 100% of our students are eligible for meal service at no charge because of the Community Eligibility Provision, which is part of the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010 of the National School Lunch Program (NSLP). The District employs approximately 3,359 employees, including over 1,600 teachers. It is the responsibility of each employee within the District, regardless of job title, to do his/her part to provide a thorough and efficient educational program for all students. Through collaborative efforts, District employees ensure that all pre-kindergarten through twelfth grade students attending Bibb County schools are provided a high quality education in a safe and comfortable environment and that human and technological resources are effectively utilized in preparing graduates for post-high school objectives. The Bibb County School District recognizes its obligation to the greater community to create an educational system that will encourage community growth and enhance the quality of life for all citizens.

The standard curricula provide a solid educational foundation for the students served in our twenty-two elementary, six middle, and six high schools. Included in these numbers are three elementary, one middle school, and five high school magnet programs as well as a college and career academy that provides CTAE courses aligned to post-secondary credentials. Students from throughout the District may apply to attend any of the magnet schools. Elementary magnet offerings include math and science, fine arts, and communicative arts.

Additionally, there are three specialty programs designed to serve specific student populations. *Northwoods Academy* serves regular pre-kindergarten students along with special needs students in collaborative environments. *Elam Alexander Academy* is a community-based delivery system that serves severely emotionally disturbed/behavioral disordered students and students with autism from Macon-Bibb County as well as six surrounding counties. The *Bibb County Alternative School* (currently known as SOAR Academy) provides a structured and positive learning environment in an alternative setting for students who have chronic aggressive behavior issues and have gone through the documented Response to Intervention (RTI) process without positive results.

Other highlights of the Bibb County School District include:

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_	Gilled Programs
	System-wide Special Education Instruction
	Advanced Placement and Pre-Advanced Placement Programs
	Technology/Career Education Programs
	21st Century Classroom Technology
	Instruction of English to Speakers of Other Languages
	School House Health Services
	Mentors and Tutoring Programs
	Before and After-School Programs
	Apprenticeship Programs
	Athletics and Physical Education

The District is required to adopt an initial budget for the fiscal year no later than June 30th preceding the beginning of the fiscal year on July 1st. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the Bibb County School District's financial planning and control. Effective with the Fiscal Year 2017 budget, the budget is now adopted at the legal level of budgetary control which is the departmental level. The District converted to a new accounting software system (MUNIS) during the FY2016-2017 school year. Due to this conversion, the legal level is now at the departmental level instead of the previous budget center level. The Superintendent has broad discretion to delegate the authority to transfer operational appropriations within the departmental level as necessary to ensure the efficient operation of schools and departments within the District.

LOCAL ECONOMY

One of Macon's key strengths is its strategic location in the heart of Georgia. At the crossroads of interstates 75 and 16, and just 75 minutes south of Atlanta, Macon has become an attractive location for businesses. A population of over 390,000 in a 30-mile radius; 4 major seaports within a 4-hour truck travel time; international airfreight facilities only 75 minutes away; 2 railroads and the largest rail switching center on the East coast make Macon an ideal location. A strategic location and small town attributes coupled with the amenities of a larger city, Macon is the place where people come from all over Middle Georgia to work; receive state of the art medical services; attend Medical, Engineering, and Law Schools; receive award winning information technology training; and enjoy a wide variety of retail, restaurants, and entertainment offerings.⁴

Macon-Bibb County is filled with cultural and entertainment opportunities. Macon-Bibb County is the home of over 10 museums, 5 tours, 7 annual festivals, and a multitude of events including the Macon Cherry Blossom Festival, Ocmulgee Indian Festival, Tubman Pan African Festival, Mid-Summer Macon, Arrowhead Indian Festival and many others. In addition to Capricorn Records, the list of musicians who have called Macon 'home' includes such notable performers as "Little Richard" Penniman, Otis Redding, the Allman Brothers Band, Robert McDuffie and Jason Aldean. In the Museum District you'll find Georgia's largest African American Museum; the Tubman African American Museum and the Georgia Sports Hall of Fame. The Museum of Arts & Sciences is an additional attraction offering visitors extraordinary exhibits and educational opportunities. Macon-Bibb County has two theater groups, the Macon Little Theatre and Theatre Macon. Three local colleges also offer regular season performances. The Macon Ballet and touring groups perform here regularly, with the Nutcracker of Middle Georgia each holiday season. The Macon Symphony Orchestra and the Macon Pops perform with local and national musicians. ⁴

The exceptional quality of higher education available in Macon-Bibb County is increasingly recognized as a valuable community asset. One of the most beneficial features of Macon-Bibb County's network of local universities, colleges, and technical schools is its visionary approach to developing specific employee training programs for individual industries and companies, including courses developed specifically for GEICO at Middle Georgia State University and Central Georgia Technical College to Mercer University's School of Engineering internship and co-op programs with area businesses. These alliances have fostered a positive and invaluable relationship between local businesses and educational institutions. ⁴

At approximately 250 square miles, Macon-Bibb County is the 119th largest of Georgia's 159 counties and ranks 15th in the state with a population total of 152,862. According to the Georgia Department of Labor, Macon-Bibb County had a 2017 civilian workforce of 69,653 ² with a 4.5% unemployment rate versus a 6.0% unemployment rate in 2016.² A listing of the major employers of Macon-Bibb County, GA is provided in the schedules which follow:

Largest Private Employers ⁴							
Employers	# of Employees						
GEICO	5,500						
Coliseum Medical Centers	1,805						
Mercer University	1,000						
Georgia Farm Bureau Federation	998						
YKK (USA), Inc.	790						

Largest Public Employers⁴								
Employers	# of Employees							
Navicent Health Medical Center	4,800							
Bibb County School District ³	3,359							
Macon-Bibb Government	1,760							
Middle Georgia State University	680							
United States Postal Service	600							

On December 21, 2016 the Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority (MBCIA) and the Macon Economic Development Commission (MEDC) announced that the two groups had signed an agreement to restructure the Economic Development Team for Macon-Bibb County, Georgia that was effective January 1, 2017. During that month, the two groups transitioned the MBCIA into the role as the single point of contact for industrial recruitment in Macon-Bibb County. In this new role, the MBCIA is responsible for marketing Macon-Bibb County to new businesses and industries, and is responsible for Authority Resource (land, incentives, etc.) involved in the recruitment process. The MEDC continues to focus on Talent Recruitment/Retention, Workforce Development, Exiting Industry/Retention and Growth, and Entrepreneurship/Small Business Development for Macon-Bibb. This new agreement strengthens Macon-Bibb's economic development team, a team that has been recognized for excellence across the state and the South, says MEDC Chair Starr Purdue. ⁴

Other Economic Development News:

In June 2017, Macon-Bibb's Tyson Foods Distribution Center announced plans to expand its current facility from about 182,000 square feet to 345,000 square feet and add over 100 jobs. This includes a \$59 million investment and a 152,000 square foot addition to the existing facility.

In August 2017, Irving Consumer Products announced plans to locate a \$400 million manufacturing plant in Macon-Bibb County, creating 200 jobs. The 135 year old Canadian based family business produces premium household store brand paper products for a variety of top retailers. The company plans to locate a state of the art 700,000 square foot facility in the Sofkee Industrial Park. 4

In October 2017, Governor Nathan Deal announced that Amazon, Inc. will create more than 500 full-time jobs at their new fulfillment center to be located in Macon-Bibb County. This will be the company's fourth fulfillment center in the state of Georgia. Amazon will lease one million square feet of industrial space in Macon for the facility. The newly created jobs will include warehouse, management, and supervisory positions. As a result, Amazon will invest \$90 million in Macon-Bibb County. That includes \$5.7 million for the site located on Skipper Road.

In December 2017, Atlanta-based Graphic Packaging Holding Company stated that it will invest \$136 million in the modernization of its Macon mill helping retain more than 460 manufacturing jobs according to an announcement by the Georgia Department of Economic Development (GDEcD) and the Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority. GDEcD stated Georgia successfully competed against other states to win this investment. Graphic Packaging's Macon Mill makes paperboard used in packaging for the food and beverage industry.

Robins Air Force Base:

Robins Air Force Base in Warner Robins, Georgia is located approximately 16 miles south of Macon-Bibb County is the largest industrial complex in Georgia. According to the installation's latest economic impact statement, Robins contributed \$2.87 billion to the Georgia economy in fiscal 2017. According to the fiscal 2017 statement, Robins had a total workforce of 22,257, which is made up of 13,686 appropriated fund civilians, 5,938 military members and 2,633 other employees. The report further states that Robins Air Force Base spent \$1.38 billion in salaries. The largest portion of that payout money, \$993.6 million, was paid to civilians working on the base, while military members accounted for \$373.3 million, and non-federal civilians and contract employees accounted for just above \$14.3 million. Additionally the base awarded \$7.4 billion in contracts. On August 15, 2018, it was reported in the Macon Telegraph that Robins Air Force Base would fill 1200 new jobs by the end of 2019. This additional workforce will have an annual economic impact of \$69 million and over \$345 million over the next five years according to a statement from Robins Air Force Base. ⁵

¹U.S. Census Bureau

²GA Department of Labor

³District Records

⁴Macon Economic Development Commission

⁵Economic Impact Statement – Robins Air Force Base

DISTRICT MAJOR INITIATIVES

Vision Statement Each student demonstrates strength of character and is college or career ready.

<u>Mission Statement</u> The Bibb County School District will develop a highly trained staff and an engaged community dedicated to educating each student for a 21st century global society.

Core Values	:
0	Competence Loyalty Open Communication Defined Autonomy Honor
Non-Negotia	<u>ables</u>
_ _ _	Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports (PBIS) Response to Intervention (RTI) Formative Instructional Practices (FIP) Teacher Key Effectiveness System (TKES) and Leader Keys Effectiveness System (LKES)
Schools, in C Stakeholder	<u>an</u> The Bibb County Board of Education approved a comprehensive strategic plan, Victory In Ou Dotober 2015. The strategic plan is guided by five areas of focus: Student Achievement, Student and Engagement, Leader & Teacher Effectiveness, Reliable Organization and Learning and Growth. Listed e key components of the Victory In Our Schools strategic plan:
00000000000	Increase Content Mastery Increase Post School Readiness Increase Graduation Rate and Post-Secondary Options Partner with Students Partner with Parents Partner with Community Be a Professional Learning Community (PLC) Know Technology Do Standards-Based Classrooms Manage Processes and Projects Manage Finances and Personnel Manage Perceptions
	Maintain a Safe Learning and Working Environment Recruit and Retain the Right People

AdvancED Accreditation The February 2018 final report from the District's October 2017 accreditation visit from AdvancED indicated that the Bibb County School District has successfully achieved accreditation for the next five years and exceeded expectations in several of the Resource Capacity standards. According to the official report, the District earned 342.79 out of a score of 100 to 400 points on its five-year review from AdvancEd. "That's an amazing score", said District Superintendent Dr. Curtis Jones, Jr. The report did not include any areas needing improvement.

Respect BCSD Value and Culture

Grow from Evaluations

On November 8, 2015 Bibb County residents voted in favor of a referendum extending again the one-cent Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax for capital improvements. The referendum approved a maximum collection of \$185 million over the period covering January 1, 2016 – December 31, 2020. Highlights of the projects include:

1 new elementary school
Consolidation of Appling Middle School and Northeast High School to one shared campus
Renovating, extending, repairing and equipping existing facilities
Acquiring, improving and renovating various athletic facilities
Constructing and equipping a replacement facility for campus police and transportation
Controlled access entrances and updating security technology throughout the District
Constructing, furnishing and equipping auditoriums
Capital outlay projects for education purposes for use by approved charter school operators
New technology, fine arts equipment, athletic equipment, safety and security systems throughout
the District
New school buses, vehicles, maintenance, custodial and transportation equipment

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The Finance Division provides Multi-Year General Fund Projections to the Board of Education annually during budget sessions. This document is continually adjusted as reasonable assumptions about future trends are replaced with more concrete information. Over the past three years, the percentage of General Fund Balance to General Fund Expenditures has been 13.5%, 16.9% and 16.0%.

FINANCIAL POLICIES AND LEGISLATION

<u>Fund Balance</u> Board policy establishes certain expectations related to fund balance. As of June 30, 2018, total fund balance in the General Fund was 13.0% of budgeted expenditures, well within the required minimum of 8%.

<u>Internal Controls</u> Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure which is designed to ensure that the assets are protected from loss or theft and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefit likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal, state, and local financial assistance, the District is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. The internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management.

<u>Budgetary Controls</u> The District maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board of Public Education for Bibb County. Activities of the general, capital projects, and special revenue funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control is established by program within an individual fund. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the District continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

The District is required to adopt a final budget no later than June 30th at the close of each fiscal year. An administrative budget review team aligns requests with priorities and proposed expenditures with anticipated revenues to arrive at a budget for consideration by the Superintendent and the Board of Education. In accordance with local board policy and state law, two public hearings are held to provide an opportunity for community response to the proposed budget.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

<u>Certificates of Achievement and Excellence</u> The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Bibb County School District for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This was the nineteenth consecutive year the School District has achieved this prestigious award. The Certificate of Achievement is a prominent national award recognizing conformity with the highest standards for preparation of state and local governmental financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report whose contents conform to program standards. The CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report conforms to the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We wish to express appreciation to Vicki Hulett, Executive Director of Accounting, Carol Tims, Financial Assistant to Chief Financial Officer and the entire Accounting Department Staff without whose dedicated and committed efforts this report could not have been completed. We also acknowledge the active participation and professional support of Mauldin & Jenkins. Audit Partner Miller Edwards and the staff of Mauldin & Jenkins, particularly Hope Pendergrass, have been instrumental to the completion of this comprehensive annual financial report. We also extend appreciation to the members of the Board of Public Education for Bibb County for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the District in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Dr. Curtis L. Jones, Jr. Superintendent of Schools Bibb County School District

mie C. Collier

Ronnie C. Collier, Sr., CPA Chief Financial Officer Bibb County School District



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Bibb County School District Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





2018 Board Members

Front Row: Mrs. Susan K. Sipe, Lester M. Miller

and Mrs. Ella M. Carter

Back Row: Dr. Thelma D. Dillard, Daryl J. Morton,

Dr. Sundra M. Woodford, Robert M. Easter and Dr. Wanda S. West



STRENGTH OF CHARACTER AND COLLEGE OR CAREER READY



Lester M. Miller President District 4



Dr. Thelma D. Dillard Vice-President District 2



Daryl J. Morton Treasurer At-large



Mrs. Ella M. Carter District 1





Mrs. Susan K. Sipe District 3



Dr. Sundra M. Woodford
District 5



Robert M. Easter
District 6



Dr. Wanda S. West At-Large



BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION FOR BIBB COUNTY

As of June 30, 2018, the members of the Board and year of expiration of their terms are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>District</u>	Years in <u>Office</u>	Expiration of Current Term
Lester M. Miller, President	District 4	5 ½	December 31, 2020
Dr. Thelma D. Dillard, Vice President	District 2	5 ½	December 31, 2020
Daryl J. Morton, Treasurer	At-large	3 ½	December 31, 2018
Mrs. Susan K. Sipe	District 3	9 ½	December 31, 2020
Robert M. Easter	District 6	1 ½	December 31, 2020
Mrs. Ella M. Styles Carter	District 1	9 ½	December 31, 2020
Dr. Sundra M. Woodford	District 5	1 ½	December 31, 2020
Dr. Wanda S. West	At-large	7 ½	December 31, 2018

Function and Composition

All matters relating to education and operations in the Bibb County School District (District) are governed and controlled by the Board of Public Education for Bibb County (Board) as provided by Georgia law. The Board is legally responsible for the operation of the District and all related policy.

It shall be the purpose of the Board to provide education of the best obtainable quality for the residents of Bibb County within the limitations imposed by the taxpayer's ability to pay and his/her willingness to support the educational program. The Board shall be the representative, not only of the citizens of Bibb County, but of the State Board of Education as well.

The Board currently consists of eight elected members, six elected from single member districts and two elected county-wide. Successors to the initial elected members of the Board are elected in the general election conducted immediately prior to the expiration of the term of office for which they offer as a candidate. The newly elected board members take office on the first day of January following their election and serve for a term of four years and until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

Regular board meetings are held on the third Thursday of each month at 6:30 p.m. usually in the Board Room at the Central Office, but sometimes at The Bibb County School District's Professional Learning Center. All meetings are open to the public. Special meetings may be called at other times by the Board President. At all meetings, a majority of the entire membership constitutes a quorum.





Curtis L. Jones Jr., Ed.D. Superintendent

The Bibb County School District welcomed Dr. Curtis L. Jones Jr. as Superintendent on April 6, 2015.

Dr. Jones immediately began working on Bibb County School District's Strategic Plan, "Victory in Our Schools," with a focus on the Vision – *Each student demonstrates strength of character and is college or career ready.* His Strategic Goals are Goal 1 – Increase Student Achievement; Goal 2 – Increase Student and Stakeholder Engagement; Goal 3 – Increase Leader and Teacher Effectiveness; Goal 4 – Be a Reliable Organization; and Goal 5 – Learning and Growth. These goals will assist the district with its mission of developing a highly trained staff and an engaged community dedicated to educating each student for a 21st century global society.

During his 20+ year career in education, Dr. Jones has been a JROTC Instructor, high school principal, and assistant superintendent. Before becoming an educator, he served in the United States Army from 1977-1997, retiring as a Lieutenant Colonel. Dr. Jones is a 1977 graduate of United States Military Academy at West Point.

Dr. Jones has received numerous accolades and awards during his tenure in education. He currently serves as a governing board member for the American Association for School Administrators (AASA) and Past President for the Georgia School Superintendents Association (GSSA). He received the Bill Barr Leadership Award from GSSA in 2016 the President's Award in 2012.

He is married to Evelyn, an elementary school principal. They have three children and are the proud grandparents of two granddaughters.



ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF as of December 2018

Superintendent's Senior Cabinet

Curtis L Jones Jr., Ed.D. Superintendent

Keith Simmons Chief of Staff – School Operations

Jamie Cassady Assistant Superintendent – Student Affairs

Ron Collier Chief Financial Officer
Randy Howard Chief Legal Counsel

Paige Busbee Assistant Superintendent – Human Resources
Tanzy Kilcrease Assistant Superintendent – Teaching and Learning

Lori Rodgers Assistant Superintendent – District Effectiveness/Federal Programs

Stephanie Hartley Director of Communications – Community & School Affairs

Instructional Services

Lindsey Allen Executive Officer of Secondary Education
Donna Jackson Executive Officer of Elementary Schools
Floyd Jolley Executive Director of Teaching and Learning

Jennifer Mellor Executive Director of Program for Exceptional Children

Cassandra Washington Executive Director of Career, Technical and Agricultural Education

Barney Hester Director of Athletics, Health & Physical Education

Ben Bridges Director of Fine Arts & Magnet Programs
Bertha Caldwell Director of Professional Learning
April Harriger Director of Northwoods Academy

Tony Jones Director of Research, Assessment and Accountability

Michelle Lenderman Director of Media Services

Monica Radcliff Director of Instructional Technology

Janice Flowers Interim Director of Before and After School Programs

Central Services/Operations

Ed Aaron Executive Director of Personnel
Jason Daniel Executive Director of Capital Projects
Vicki Hulett Executive Director of Accounting

Rose Powell Executive Director of Technology Services
Timikel Sharpe Executive Director of School Nutrition

Myra Abrams Director of Human Resources, School Nutrition Department

Russell Bentley Chief of Campus Police

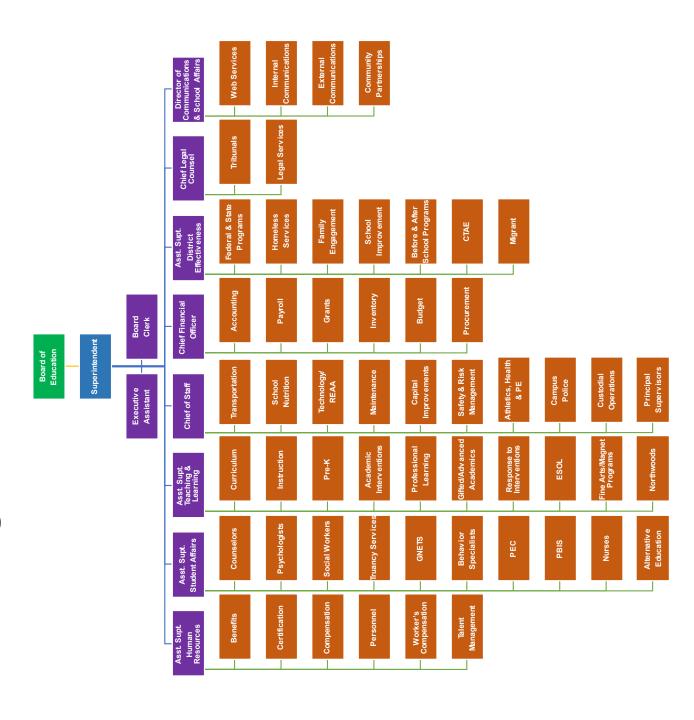
David Gowan Director of Safety/Risk Management

Anthony Jackson Director of Transportation
Eddie Montgomery Director of Maintenance

Beverly Stewart Director of Student Support Services

Elaine Wilson Director of Procurement

BCSD Organizational Chart SY 2018





II. FINANCIAL SECTION

BIBB COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Board of Education of the Bibb County School District Macon, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Bibb County School District** as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bibb County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bibb County School District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 13, the Bibb County School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, as of July 1, 2017. This standard significantly changed the accounting for the Bibb County School District's net other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability and the related disclosures. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 4 through 11), the schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedules of pension contributions, the schedules of proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and the schedules of OPEB contributions (on pages 69 through 79) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bibb County School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules; schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards; and the schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, as required by the Official Code of Georgia 48-8-121, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections are also presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds (collectively the "supplementary information") are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 28, 2019, on our consideration of the Bibb County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report solely is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Bibb County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Bibb County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Macon, Georgia January 28, 2019

BIBB COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As administration of the Bibb County School District, we offer readers of the Bibb County School District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-vii of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for FY2018 are as follows:

- ▶ The assets and deferred outflows of the Bibb County School District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$152,708,024. This amount includes the negative unrestricted net position of \$334,005,828 which is primarily composed of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability related to the implementation of GASB Statement No.68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and our proportionate share of net other postemployment benefit liability related to the implementation of GASB Statement No.75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits other than Pensions.
- ▶ The Bibb County School District's total net position decreased \$183,917,799. This decrease is primarily due to the implementation of GASB Statement No.75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits other than Pensions.
- ▶ At the close of the current fiscal year, the Bibb County School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$67,805,157, an increase of \$5,862,147 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 41.8% of this amount (\$28,347,669) is available for spending at the government's discretion.
- ▶ At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance for the General Fund was \$32,070,701 or approximately 12.9% of total General Fund expenditures.
- ▶ The Bibb County School District's total long-term outstanding debt increased \$165,613,488. This increase is due to the increase in pension liability combined with the implementation of GASB Statement No.75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits other than Pensions.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis provided here is intended to serve as an introduction to the Bibb County School District's basic financial statements. The Bibb County School District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Bibb County School District's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the Bibb County School District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Bibb County School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Bibb County School District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Bibb County School District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Bibb County School District include instruction, general administration, maintenance and operations, student transportation, and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the Bibb County School District include school food services, stadiums, Hutchings Academy and the wellness center.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 -14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Bibb County School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Bibb County School District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Bibb County School District maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the SPLOST Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other two governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The Bibb County School District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 – 24 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The Bibb County School District maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity or service that charges a fee to external users to cover the cost of operations, including cost of depreciation and debt service. The District operates its food service, stadiums, Hutchings Academy and district-wide wellness center as enterprise funds. Internal Service funds account for goods and services that are provided to other funds in return for a fee to cover the cost of operations, including depreciation and debt service costs. The District's internal service funds include workers' compensation and unemployment compensation. Proprietary fund statements use the accrual basis of accounting similar to the district-wide statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 – 22 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the dependent care spending account fund, the medical spending account fund and school clubs and organizations within the principals' accounts. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use the assets to finance its operations.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 and 24 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25 – 68 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE OVERALL FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Bibb County School District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$152,708,024 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

		BIB	ВС	COUNTY SC	H	OOL DIST	RIC	T'S NET	POS	SITION					
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017															
	(in thousands)														
		Governm Activit				Business-type Activities			Total Combined Activities				Total Change		
		FY2018		FY2017		FY2018		FY2017		FY2018		FY2017		<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
Assets:															
Current and other assets	\$	113,184	\$	96,644	\$	12,629	\$	14,403	\$	125,813	\$	111,047	\$	14,766	13.3%
Capital assets		447,999		439,405		8,283		7,341		456,282		446,746		9,536	2.1%
Total assets		561,183		536,049		20,912		21,744		582,095		557,793		24,302	4.4%
Deferred Outflows:															
Pensions		31,761		52,905		509		777		32,270		53,682		(21,412)	-39.9%
Other post-employment benefits		14,675		-		1,306		-		15,981		-	_	15,981	-
Total deferred inflows		46,436	_	52,905		1,815		777		48,251		53,682		(5,431)	-10.1%
Liabilities:															
Long-term liabilities outstanding		5,212		6,006		-		-		5,212		6,006		(794)	-13.2%
Net pension liability		188,413		216,855		3,022		3,181		191,435		220,036		(28,601)	-13.0%
Other post-employment benefits		179,182		-		15,944		-		195,126		-		195,126	-
Other liabilities		36,791		27,489		1,201		850		37,992		28,339		9,653	34.1%
Total liabilities	_	409,598	-	250,350	٠	20,167		4,031	•	429,765	-	254,381		175,384	68.9%
Deferred Inflows:															
Pensions		20,194		20,171		323		296		20,517		20,467		50	0.2%
Other post-employment benefits		25,121		-		2,235		-		27,356		-		27,356	-
Total deferred inflows	_	45,315		20,171		2,558		296		47,873	-	20,467		27,406	133.9%
Net position:															
Net investment in capital assets		445,487		436,390		8,283		7,341		453,770		443,731		10,039	2.3%
Restricted for capital projects		32,944		27,529		-		-		32,944		27,529		5,415	19.7%
Unrestricted		(325,725)		(145,486)		(8,281)		10,852		(334,006)		(134,634)		(199,372)	148.1%
Total net position	\$	152,706	\$	318,433	\$	2	\$	18,193	\$	152,708	\$	336,626	\$	(183,918)	-54.6%

The Bibb County School District's overall net position decreased \$183,917,799 or 54.6% from the prior fiscal year. This decrease is primarily due to the implementation of GASB Statement No.75.

By far, the largest portion of the Bibb County School District's net position (\$453,769,875) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and land improvements, buildings, equipment, and construction in progress), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The Bibb County School District uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Bibb County School District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No.68 in FY2015 and GASB Statement No.75 in FY2018, the District's net position has been significantly negatively impacted by the inclusion of net pension liability of \$191.4 million and Other Post-Employment Benefits liability of \$195.1 million at June 30, 2018. An additional portion of the Bibb County School District's net position (\$32.9 million) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Governmental Activities. The Bibb County School District Governmental Activities overall net position decreased from \$318,432,852 to \$152,706,110. This \$165,726,742 or 52.0% decrease is primarily due to the implementation of GASB Statement No.75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits other than Pensions.

BIBB COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION								
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017								
			(in thousands	s)				
Governmental Business-type Total Combined Activities Activities Activities Total Change								
	FY2018	FY2017	FY2018	FY2017	FY2018	FY2017	\$	%
Revenues: Program revenues:								
Charges for services	4,605	\$ 5,273	\$ 845	\$ 886	\$ 5,450	\$ 6,159	\$ (709)	-11.5%
Operating grants and contributions	153,749	150,667	16,600	16,960	170,349	167,627	2,722	1.6%
Capital grants and contributions	1,214	217			1,214	217	997	100.0%
Total program revenues	159,568	156,157	17,445	17,846	177,013	174,003	3,010	1.7%
General revenues:								
Property taxes	83,045	82,307	-	-	83,045	82,307	738	0.9%
Sales taxes	31,468	29,263	-	-	31,468	29,263	2,205	7.5%
Other taxes	1,062	1,397	-	-	1,062	1,397	(335)	-24.0%
Grants and contributions not								
restricted to specific programs	7,881	1,696	-	-	7,881	1,696	6,185	364.7%
Gain on the sale of assets	-	-	6	3	6	3	3	100.0%
Unrestricted investment earnings	949	315	139_	60	1,088	375	713	190.1%
Total general revenues	124,405	114,978	145	63	124,550	115,041	9,509	8.3%
Total revenues	283,973	271,135	17,590	17,909	301,563	289,044	12,519	4.3%
Expenses:								
Instruction	222,758	216,652	-	-	222,758	216,652	6,106	2.8%
General administration	7,573	6,460	-	-	7,573	6,460	1,113	17.2%
Maintenance and operations	19,637	19,015	-	-	19,637	19,015	622	3.3%
Student transportation	12,851	11,004	-	-	12,851	11,004	1,847	16.8%
Interest on long-term debt	84	96	-	-	84	96	(12)	-12.5%
School nutrition services	-	-	19,149	17,831	19,149	17,831	1,318	7.4%
Stadiums	-	-	225	267	225	267	(42)	-15.7%
Wellness center	-	-	25	218	25	218	(193)	-88.5%
Hutchings Academy			33	7	33	7	26	
Total expenses	262,903	253,227	19,432	18,323	282,335	271,550	10,785	4.0%
Increase (decrease) in net								
position before transfers	21,070	17,908	(1,842)	(414)	19,228	17,494	1,734	9.9%
Transfers	(250)	(250)	250	250			·-	0.0%
Increase (decrease) in net position	20,820	17,658	(1,592)	(164)	19,228	17,494	1,734	9.9%
Net position - beginning	131,886	300,775	1,594	18,357	133,480	319,132	(185,652)	-58.2%
Net position - ending \$	152,706	\$ 318,433	\$ 2	\$ 18,193	\$ 152,708	\$ 336,626	\$ (183,918)	-54.6%

Business-type Activities. For the Bibb County School District's business-type activities, overall net position decreased from \$18,192,971 to \$1,914 in the current fiscal year. The decrease in net position for business-type activities (food services, stadiums, Hutchings Academy and wellness center operations) of \$18,191,057 from the prior fiscal year and is primarily due to the implementation of GASB Statement No.75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits other than Pensions.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS of GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Bibb County School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Bibb County School District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the Bibb County School District itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the Bibb County School District's governing Board of Education. As noted earlier, the Bibb County School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District has two major governmental funds: The General Fund and the SPLOST Projects Fund. The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund and is used to account for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The SPLOST Projects Fund is used to account for the proceeds of a one percent Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax used to finance building renovations, land and building acquisitions, and the construction of new educational and administrative facilities.

On June 30, 2018, the Bibb County School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$67,805,157, an increase of \$5,862,147 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 41.8% of this amount (\$28,347,669) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either *non-spendable*, *restricted*, *committed*, *or assigned* to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form (\$222,902), 2) restricted for particular purposes (\$32,943,977), 3) committed for particular purposes (\$2,567,577), or 4) assigned for particular purposes (\$3,732,032).

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Bibb County School District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$28,347,669 while total fund balance decreased to \$32,293,603. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 11.4% of total General Fund expenditures while total fund balance represents approximately 13.0% of that same amount.

The net change in the General Fund's total fund balance was a decrease of \$21,736 from the prior fiscal year. Total operating revenues exceeded expenditures by \$228,264. Transfers to other funds totaled \$250,000; primarily used for stadium expenditures.

SPLOST (Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax) Projects Fund. As of June 30, 2018, the SPLOST Projects Fund, a major fund, had an ending fund balance of \$32,943,977, an increase of \$5,415,133 from the prior year. The increase in fund balance was due to SPLOST receipts exceeding capital project expenditures.

Proprietary Funds. The Bibb County School District's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The unrestricted net position of School Food Service at the end of the year was a negative (\$8,013,719) and net investment of capital assets was \$8,268,124 for a total net position of \$254,405, a decrease of \$18,150,944 from the prior year. The decrease is primarily due to the implementation of GASB No.75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits other than Pensions.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original budget compared to final budget. Historically each year the District has to amend the General Fund original estimated revenues or original budgeted appropriations as well as the original budgeted expenditures as federal grant notifications are received after the completion of the original budget.

Final budget compared to actual results. The most significant differences between estimated revenues and actual revenues were as follows:

Revenue Source	Estimated <u>Revenues</u>	Actual <u>Revenues</u>	\$ <u>Difference</u>	% <u>Difference</u>
Local sources	\$ 84,216,000	\$ 87,779,137	\$ 3,563,137	4.1%
State sources	130,652,742	133,181,720	2,528,978	1.9%
Federal sources	37,222,233	27,076,728	(10,145,505)	-37.5%

The increase in local revenue is due to property and other tax revenue increases. Tax collections including property, tag/title, real estate transfer, intangible, and pilot taxes were up over \$3.6 million. The \$3.6 million increase in local revenue is due to local property tax receipts and legal settlements. The district received \$1.7 million more in property taxes than budgeted. The district also received over \$1.5 million in e-rate funds from Cox Enterprises, Inc. related to FY2015 expenses. Finally, the district received over \$750,000 in legal settlements from Progressive Consulting Technologies, Inc. and Comp Tech. The increase in state revenues is primarily due to an increase in State QBE Funds combined with increases in other state grants. The shortfall in the above federal revenue sources were caused primarily by federal grants. Federal grants are budgeted per the award amount plus any amount which is available for carryover from the previous year. Various federal grants also are fifteen month grants which means they run longer than the twelve month fiscal year. These grants are budgeted at the full award because there is no way to make an estimate of any monies which may carryover. Actual revenues are recorded for these grants as the revenue becomes available or as the expenditures are incurred. Therefore, the actual revenues extend over multiple fiscal years.

A review of actual expenditures compared to the appropriations in the final budget yields several significant variances.

<u>Expenditure</u>	Estimated Expenditures	Actual <u>Expenditures</u>	\$ <u>Difference</u>	% <u>Difference</u>	
Instruction	\$ 214,420,658	\$ 212,187,166	\$ (2,233,492)	-1.1%	
General administration	9,509,052	7,065,522	(2,443,530	-34.6%	
Maintenance & operations	20,339,790	18,333,312	(2,006,478)	-10.9%	

The instruction shortfall of \$2.2 million in the above expenditure projections were caused primarily by federal and state grants, which extend over multiple fiscal years, being budgeted in their entirety in the first fiscal year that funds become awarded. Actual expenditures are recorded for these grants as the expenditures are incurred. Therefore, the actual expenditures extend over multiple fiscal years as well. The general administration results are primarily from staffing vacancies. The shortfall in the maintenance and operations expenditure projections were caused by efficiency of newer building construction and the implementation of energy conservation measures.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The Bibb County School District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018, amounts to \$456,282,113 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and land improvements, buildings, equipment, and construction in progress. The total increase in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately 2.1%.

		DIE	D (COUNTY C	· C I	IOOL DI	СТ	DICTIC	C A	DITAL ACC	· C T			
BIBB COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CAPITAL ASSETS														
(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)														
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017														
(in thousands)														
		Governmental				Business-type			Total Combined					
		Activities				Activities			Activities			Total Change		
		FY2018		FY2017		FY2018		FY2017	,	FY2018		FY2017	\$	%
Land	\$	13,690	\$	13,690	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,690	\$	13,690	\$ -	0.0%
Construction in														
progress		12,552		2,480		100		-		12,652		2,480	10,172	410.2%
Buildings		390,704		393,619		5,184		5,318		395,888		398,937	(3,049)	-0.8%
Equipment		25,299		24,003		2,999		2,023		28,298		26,026	2,272	8.7%
Land improvements		5,754		5,612	_			-	-	5,754		5,612	 142	2.5%
Total Capital Assets	\$	447,999	\$	439,404	\$	8,283	\$	7,341	\$	456,282	\$	446,745	\$ 9,537	2.1%

Major capital asset events (in millions) during the current fiscal year included the following:

Decrease in buildings for renovations and construction	\$ (3.0)
Increase in construction in progress on SPLOST Projects	10.2
Increase in capital equipment	2.3
Net changes in Capital Assets	<u>\$ 9.5</u>

Additional information on the Bibb County School District's capital assets can be found in Note #7 on pages 41 and 42 of this report.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Bibb County School District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$390,687,967 which is comprised of note payable, net pension liability, net other post-employment benefits liability, and compensated absences.

BIBB COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT'S OUTSTANDING DEBT For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 **Combined Governmental and Business Type Activities Total Change** FY2018 FY2017 \$ % Note Payable 2.512.238 3.014.474 (502.236)-16.7% Net Pension Liability 191,435,058 -13.0% 220,036,251 (28,601,193)195,125,560 **Net OPEB Liability** 210,386,999 (15,261,439)-7.3% Compensated Absences 152,590 10.4% 1,615,111 1,462,521 Totals 390,687,967 434,900,245 (44,212,278)-10.2%

During the current fiscal year, the Bibb County School District's total debt decreased by \$44,212,278 or 10.2% primarily as a result of the decrease in the net pension liability and net Other Post-Employment liability.

The Bibb County School District maintains an "Aa2" rating from Moody's Investors Service for general obligation debt. State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue up to 10% of the average full valuation. Currently the Bibb County District does not have any bonded debt. So based on the debt limitation, the amount available is \$401,307,932.

Additional information on the Bibb County School District's long-term debt can be found in Note #9 on pages 43 – 45 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Tax Rates. The following economic factors currently affect the Bibb County School District and were considered in developing the FY2019 fiscal year budget.

- ▶ In June 2018, the Board adopted the FY2019 General Fund operating budget which includes \$214.3 million in operating revenues and transfers in and \$218.0 million in operating expenditures and transfers out.
- ▶ On the expenditure side, continued increases are expected in health insurance premiums, pension, and other employee benefit costs. For FY2019, the Teacher Retirement System (TRS) increased its employer contribution from 16.81% to 20.9%, representing an overall 24.3% increase in pension costs.
- ► For FY2019, the Board of Education adopted a 0.5 mill tax rate decrease from 19.814 to 19.314 mills to provide some relief to local taxpayers. It is anticipated that this tax rate decrease will yield \$2 million less in property tax revenue.
- ► For the first time since FY2003, the Governor of Georgia and the Georgia State Legislature eliminated all austerity reduction for FY2019, thus fully funding the state's QBE funding formula.
- ▶ As the District anticipates the opening of more charter schools and decreased student enrollment, plans are underway to consolidate two elementary schools which will reduce the total number from 22 to 21.

Requests for Information. This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Bibb County School District's finances for all those with an interest in the district's financial status. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Bibb County School District, Office of the CFO, 484 Mulberry Street, Suite 400, Macon, GA, 31201.

BIBB COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BIBB COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

		Primary Government	t	Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Academy for Classical Education
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 13,122,885	\$ 2,191,371	\$ 15,314,256	\$ 826,445
Investments	65,760,010	9,917,763	75,677,773	2,695,934
Receivables:				
Accounts	1,397,563	41,489	1,439,052	-
Intergovernmental	32,202,788	369,958	32,572,746	-
Internal balances	477,681	(477,681)	-	-
Inventories	-	584,458	584,458	-
Prepaid and other assets	222,902	1,982	224,884	-
Capital assets, non-depreciable	26,242,171	99,585	26,341,756	424,018
Capital assets, depreciable				
(net of accumulated depreciation)	421,757,120	8,183,237	429,940,357	29,255,289
Total assets	561,183,120	20,912,162	582,095,282	33,201,686
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pensions	31,761,338	509,253	32,270,591	4,360,818
Other post-employment benefits	14,674,970	1,305,774	15,980,744	1,579,630
Total deferred outflows of resources	46,436,308	1,815,027	48,251,335	5,940,448
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	10,736,373	275,418	11,011,791	182,108
Retainage payable	923,478	99,585	1,023,063	· -
Intergovernmental accounts payable	119,668	-	119,668	
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	27,760
Accrued payroll and payroll withholdings	24,960,759	810,863	25,771,622	1,227,779
Unearned revenue	50,824	15,577	66,401	
Accrued claims, due within one year	600,271	-	600,271	
Accrued claims, due in more than one year	484,432	-	484,432	
Notes payable due within one year	532,391	-	532,391	
Notes payable due in more than one year	1,979,847	-	1,979,847	
Compensated absences due within one year	1,325,410	-	1,325,410	
Compensated absences due in more than one year	289,701	-	289,701	
General obligation bonds due within one year, net of				
unamortized discount	-	-	-	34,911,547
Net pension liability	188,413,081	3,021,977	191,435,058	6,342,754
Net other post-employment benefit liability	179,182,006	15,943,554	195,125,560	7,517,712
Total liabilities	409,598,241	20,166,974	429,765,215	50,209,660
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pensions	20,194,104	323,046	20,517,150	66,860
Other post-employment benefits	25,120,973	2,235,255	27,356,228	572,455
Total deferred inflows of resources	45,315,077	2,558,301	47,873,378	639,315
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				
Net investment in capital assets	445,487,053	8,282,822	453,769,875	(2,536,306
Restricted for capital projects	32,943,977	-	32,943,977	-
Unrestricted	(325,724,920)	(8,280,908)	(334,005,828)	(9,170,535
	\$ 152,706,110	\$ 1,914	\$ 152,708,024	\$ (11,706,841

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Functions/Programs	_	Expenses		charges for Services	_ (Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Governmental activities:	\$	200 750 000	æ	4.004.000	Ф	4.40.050.077	æ	4 420 202	
Instruction	Ф	222,758,006	\$	4,604,926	\$	140,353,877	\$	1,136,283	
General administration		7,572,905		-		4,746,736		-	
Maintenance and operations		19,637,436		-		6,020,520		-	
Student transportation		12,850,636		-		2,627,814		77,320	
Interest on long-term debt		83,679		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities	_	262,902,662		4,604,926		153,748,947		1,213,603	
Business-type activities:									
School food services		19,148,812		774,008		16,600,007		-	
Stadiums		225,676		-		-		-	
Wellness center		25,171		31,929		-		-	
Hutchings Academy		32,959		39,340				-	
Total business-type activities		19,432,618		845,277		16,600,007		-	
Total primary government	\$	282,335,280	\$	5,450,203	\$	170,348,954	\$	1,213,603	
Component unit:									
Academy for Classical Education	\$	14,736,893	\$	387,499	\$	1,105,693	\$	-	
Total component unit	\$	14,736,893	\$	387,499	\$	1,105,693	\$	-	

General revenues:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Other taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain on sale of assets

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year, as restated

Net position, end of year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

		Changes in	Netr	OSITION	Co	omponent Unit	
<u>-</u>	Sovernmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Academy for Classical Education				
\$	(76,662,920) (2,826,169) (13,616,916) (10,145,502) (83,679) (103,335,186)	\$ - - - - - -	\$	(76,662,920) (2,826,169) (13,616,916) (10,145,502) (83,679) (103,335,186)	\$	- - - -	
	- - - - - (103,335,186)	(1,774,797) (225,676) 6,758 6,381 (1,987,334) (1,987,334)		(1,774,797) (225,676) 6,758 6,381 (1,987,334) (105,322,520)		- - - - - -	
	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>		(13,243,701) (13,243,701)	
	83,045,079 31,467,695 1,061,942	- - -		83,045,079 31,467,695 1,061,942		- - -	
	7,881,481 949,070 -	139,209 5,941		7,881,481 1,088,279 5,941		11,109,100	
	(250,000) 124,155,267 20,820,081 131,886,029	250,000 395,150 (1,592,184) 1,594,098		124,550,417 19,227,897 133,480,127		11,109,100 (2,134,601) (9,572,240)	
\$	152,706,110	\$ 1,914	\$	152,708,024	\$	(11,706,841)	

BIBB COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	General		SPLOST Projects			Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	7,628,445	\$	2,195,196	\$	1,366,308	\$	11,189,949
Investments		30,414,587		34,010,160		1,335,263		65,760,010
Receivables:		4 000 400						4 000 400
Accounts		1,396,420		- 2.745.204		-		1,396,420
Intergovernmental Due from other funds		29,457,394 429,164		2,745,394 77,330		-		32,202,788 506,494
Prepaid and other assets		222,902		77,330		_		222,902
Total assets	\$	69,548,912	\$	39,028,080	\$	2,701,571	\$	111,278,563
LIABILITIES,	Ė	00,010,012	÷	00,020,000	Ė	2,701,011	÷	111,210,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	5,494,497	\$	5,122,376	\$	119,500	\$	10,736,373
Retainage payable		-		923,478		-		923,478
Due to other funds		81,577		25,002		14,398		120,977
Due to other governments Unearned revenue - grants		119,668 50,824		-		-		119,668 50,824
Accrued payroll and payroll withholdings		24,947,416		13,247		96		24,960,759
Total liabilities	_	30,693,982		6,084,103		133,994		36,912,079
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - grants		4,344,767 2,216,560		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		4,344,767 2,216,560
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,561,327		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		6,561,327
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		222,902		-		_		222,902
Restricted		-		32,943,977		-		32,943,977
Committed		-		-		2,567,577		2,567,577
Assigned Unassigned		3,723,032 28,347,669		-		-		3,723,032 28,347,669
Total fund balances		32,293,603		32,943,977		2,567,577		67,805,157
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	69,548,912	\$	39,028,080	\$	2,701,571		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are net processed in the second second second second second second second second sec			es an	d,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for o	urre	nt period expen	ditur	es and,				447,999,291
therefore, are deferred in the funds. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the	curre	ent period and,	there	efore, are				6,561,327
not reported in the funds. Internal service funds are used by management to benefits and services to individual funds. The a		_						(370,601,205)
service funds are included in governmental acti								941,540
Net position of governmental activities				•			\$	152,706,110
Hot position of governmental activities							Ψ	102,100,110

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

REVENUES		General		SPLOST Projects		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Local sources	\$	87,779,137	\$	31,467,695	\$	1,812,880	\$	121,059,712	
State sources	Ψ	133,181,720	Ψ	51,407,095	Ψ	1,012,000	Ψ	133,181,720	
Federal sources		27,076,728						27,076,728	
Interest income		556,459		374,568		18,043		949,070	
On-behalf payments		499,864		574,500		10,045		499,864	
Other sources		53,795						53,795	
Total revenues		249,147,703	_	31,842,263		1,830,923		282,820,889	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Instruction		212,187,166		-		969,575		213,156,741	
General administration		7,065,522		-		-		7,065,522	
Maintenance and operations		18,333,312		=		246,647		18,579,959	
Student transportation		10,245,449		1,202,252		52,448		11,500,149	
On-behalf payments		499,864		-		-		499,864	
Capital outlay		2,211		25,224,878		93,503		25,320,592	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		502,236		-		-		502,236	
Interest and fiscal charges		83,679		-		-		83,679	
Total expenditures	_	248,919,439		26,427,130		1,362,173		276,708,742	
Excess of revenues									
over expenditures		228,264		5,415,133		468,750		6,112,147	
OTHER FINANCING USES									
Transfers out		(250,000)		_		_		(250,000)	
Total other financing uses		(250,000)		-		-		(250,000)	
Net change in fund balances		(21,736)		5,415,133		468,750		5,862,147	
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		32,315,339		27,528,844		2,098,827		61,943,010	
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	32,293,603	\$	32,943,977	\$	2,567,577	\$	67,805,157	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds.	\$ 5,862,147
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the	
amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	9,593,331
The net effect of the disposal of capital assets is to decrease net position.	(998,534)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	4 000 040
revenues in the lunds.	1,228,242
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas the deferred and amortized in the	
statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	502,236
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	4,041,428
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of various services and benefits to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental	
activities.	 591,231
	\$ 20,820,081

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Bu	dget			V	ariance with
	 Original		Final	Actual	F	inal Budget
REVENUES	 					
Local sources	\$ 84,216,000	\$	84,216,000	\$ 87,779,137	\$	3,563,137
State sources	130,314,017		130,652,742	133,181,720		2,528,978
Federal sources	33,899,478		37,222,233	27,076,728		(10,145,505)
Interest income	200,000		200,000	556,459		356,459
On-behalf payments	-		-	499,864		499,864
Other sources	 50,000		50,000	53,795		3,795
Total revenues	248,679,495		252,340,975	249,147,703		(3,193,272)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction	210,804,125		214,420,658	212,187,166		2,233,492
General administration	8,505,370		9,509,052	7,065,522		2,443,530
Maintenance and operations	22,901,397		20,339,790	18,333,312		2,006,478
Student transportation	8,513,848		9,949,833	10,245,449		(295,616)
On-behalf payments	-		-	499,864		(499,864)
Capital outlay	20,000		20,000	2,211		17,789
Debt service:						
Principal retirements	502,236		502,236	502,236		-
Interest and fiscal charges	 83,180		83,180	 83,679		(499)
Total expenditures	 251,330,156		254,824,749	 248,919,439		5,905,310
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	 (2,650,661)		(2,483,774)	 228,264		2,712,038
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	600,000		600,000	=		(600,000)
Transfers out	 (1,150,000)		(1,150,000)	(250,000)		900,000
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	 (550,000)		(550,000)	 (250,000)		300,000
Net change in fund balances	(3,200,661)		(3,033,774)	(21,736)		3,012,038
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	 32,315,339		32,315,339	 32,315,339		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 29,114,678	\$	29,281,565	\$ 32,293,603	\$	3,012,038

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
ASSETS		School Food Service		Nonmajor Interprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
CURRENT ASSETS									
Cash	\$	2,088,011	\$	103,360	\$	2,191,371	\$	1,932,936	
Investments	•	9,842,337	•	75,426	•	9,917,763	*	.,,	
Receivables:		0,0 .2,00.		. 0, .20		0,011,100			
Accounts		41,489		_		41,489		1,143	
Intergovernmental		369,958				369,958		1,140	
•				-					
Due from other funds		4,247		-		4,247			
Prepaid items nventories		1,982		-		1,982			
inventories		584,458				584,458			
Total current assets		12,932,482		178,786	_	13,111,268		1,934,079	
NONCURRENT ASSETS									
Construction in progress		99,585		-		99,585			
Buildings		9,929,324		-		9,929,324			
Furniture and equipment		9,284,709		78,525		9,363,234			
Total depreciable assets		19,214,033		78,525		19,292,558			
Less accumulated depreciation		(11,045,494)		(63,827)		(11,109,321)			
Total noncurrent assets		8,268,124		14,698		8,282,822			
Total assets		21,200,606		193,484		21,394,090		1,934,079	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pensions		478,096		31,157		509,253			
Other post-employment benefits		1,297,873		7,901		1,305,774			
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,775,969		39,058		1,815,027			
LIABILITIES									
CURRENT LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		267,675		7,743		275,418		115,84	
Due to other funds		324,201		65,563		389,764		110,01	
Accrued payroll and payroll withholdings		806,002		4,861		810,863			
Unearned revenue		15,527		50		15,577			
Retainage payable		99,585		30		99,585			
Accrued claims expense		-		<u>-</u>		-		484,43	
Total current liabilities	·	1,512,990		78,217		1,591,207		600,27	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES									
								40.4.40	
Accrued claims expense, net of current position		0.007.004		404.000		0.004.077		484,43	
Net pension liability Net other post-employment benefit liability		2,837,084 15,847,085		184,893 96,469		3,021,977 15,943,554			
Total noncurrent liabilities		18,684,169		281,362		18,965,531		484,43	
Total liabilities		20,197,159		359,579		20,556,738		1,084,70	
		., . ,		,		-,,		, ,	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pensions		202 204		10.765		333 046			
Pensions Other post-employment benefits		303,281 2,221,730		19,765 13,525		323,046 2,235,255			
				_			-		
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,525,011		33,290		2,558,301			
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)									
Investment in capital assets		8,268,124		14,698		8,282,822		_	
Unrestricted		(8,013,719)		(175,025)		(8,188,744)		849,370	
Total net position (deficit)	\$	254,405	\$	(160,327)		94,078	\$	849,376	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service									
fund activities related to enterprise funds.						(92,164)			
Net position of business-type activities					\$	1,914			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Bu	siness-ty	pe Acti	vities - Enter	prise Fu	ınds		
	Scho Food Service	d	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds		į	vernmental Activities - ernal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES	A 7 -	74.000	•	74.000	•	0.45.077	•	0.040.044
Local sources		74,008	\$	71,269	\$	845,277	\$	2,218,244
Total operating revenues		74,008		71,269		845,277		2,218,244
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Food service operations	18,65	56,958		_		18,656,958		-
Central support services		-		-		-		27,440
Enterprise operations		-		261,642		261,642		-
Maintenance and operations		-		19,112		19,112		1,576,715
Depreciation	51	14,712		3,052		517,764		-
Total operating expenses	19,17	71,670		283,806		19,455,476		1,604,155
Operating income (loss)	(18,39	97,662)		(212,537)	(18,610,199)		614,089
NON-OPERATING REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenues	16,60	00,007		-		16,600,007		-
Interest earned	13	39,209		-		139,209		-
Gain on the sale of capital assets		5,941		-		5,941		-
Total non-operating revenues	16,74	15,157		-		16,745,157		-
Income (loss) before transfers	(1,65	52,505)		(212,537)		(1,865,042)		614,089
Transfers in		-		250,000		250,000		_
Change in net position	(1,65	52,505)		37,463		(1,615,042)		614,089
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), beginning of year, as restated	1,90	06,910		(197,790)				235,287
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), end of year	\$ 25	54,405	\$	(160,327)			\$	849,376
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds. Change in net position of business-type activities		<u>-</u>		<u></u>	\$	22,858 (1,592,184)		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Business-t	ype Ac	tivities - Enter	prise F	unds		
		School Food Service	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from local sources	\$	822,896	\$	71,269	\$	894,165	\$	-
Receipts from interfund services provided		-		-		-		2,217,282
Payments to suppliers		(9,888,200)		(144,156)		(10,032,356)		-
Payments to employees		(5,418,362)		(79,970)		(5,498,332)		-
Payments on behalf of employees		(2,681,156)		(22,449)		(2,703,605)		-
Payments for interfund services used		<u>-</u>						(2,177,042)
Net cash provided by (used in)								
operating activities		(17,164,822)		(175,306)		(17,340,128)		40,240
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Subsidy from federal and state grants		16,593,761		_		16,593,761		_
Transfers from other funds		<u> </u>		250,000		250,000		-
Net cash provided by non-capital								
financing activities		16,593,761		250,000		16,843,761		<u>-</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Purchase of capital assets		(1,476,573)		-		(1,476,573)		-
Net cash used in capital and								
related financing activities		(1,476,573)		-		(1,476,573)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest received		139,209		-		139,209		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	22,568		-		22,568		
Net cash provided by investing activities		161,777		-		161,777		

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Business-t	уре Ас	tivities - Enter	prise	Funds		
	School Food Service		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		_	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and								
cash equivalents	\$	(1,885,857)	\$	74,694	\$	(1,811,163)	\$	40,240
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		13,816,205		104,092		13,920,297		1,892,696
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	11,930,348	\$	178,786	\$	12,109,134	\$	1,932,936
Classified as:								
Cash	\$	2,088,011	\$	103,360	\$	2,191,371	\$	1,932,936
Investments		9,842,337		75,426		9,917,763		-
	\$	11,930,348	\$	178,786	\$	12,109,134	\$	1,932,936
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(18,397,662)	\$	(212,537)	\$	(18,610,199)	\$	614,089
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	Ψ	(10,007,002)	Ψ	(212,001)	Ψ	(10,010,100)	Ψ	011,000
provided by (used in) operating activities								
Depreciation		514,712		3,052		517,764		-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		48,301		-		48,301		(962)
Decrease in due from other funds		260		-		260		-
(Increase) decrease in prepaids		(947)		2,463		1,516		-
Decrease in inventories		20,777		-		20,777		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		151,712		(3,961)		147,751		(12,292)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(144,956)		65,563		(79,393)		-
Increase (decrease) in payroll related liabilities		542,809		(29,886)		512,923		-
Increase in unearned revenue		587		-		587		-
Increase in retainage payable		99,585		-		99,585		-
Decrease in accrued claims expense				-	_			(560,595)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(17,164,822)	\$	(175,306)	\$	(17,340,128)	\$	40,240

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS	W. D. Ryals Memorial Private-Purpose Trust Fund	Agency Funds	
Cash	\$ -	\$ 852,416	
Investments	2,312	23,894	
Accounts receivable	- _	322	
Total assets	2,312	876,632	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	-	-	
Due to others	 _	876,632	
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	876,632	
NET POSITION			
Reserved for leadership awards	\$ 2,312	\$ -	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	W. D. Ryals Memorial Private-Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS Interest income Total additions	\$ 31 31
Change in net position	31_
NET POSITION, beginning of year	2,281
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 2,312

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Bibb County School District (the "District") was incorporated on August 23, 1872, and provides for a system of education for the children in the City of Macon, Georgia ("Macon") and Bibb County, Georgia ("Bibb County") as authorized by its charter. The District operates under a Board/Superintendent form of government. The eight-member Board of Education (the "Board") is elected by the public and the Board appoints the superintendent. During the year ended June 30, 2005, the citizens of Bibb County voted to give the Board the power to determine the millage rate at which school taxes are levied and to incur bonded indebtedness with voters' approval. In previous years, the District was reported as a component unit of Bibb County. However, beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, the District is reported as its own primary government.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Bibb County School District (the "primary government") and its component unit. The component unit discussed below is included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the District. Management has determined exclusion of the entity from the financial statements of the District would be considered misleading. In conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, the financial statements of the component unit are discretely presented in the government-wide financial statements.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Academy for Classical Education (the "Academy") is responsible for the public education of all students attending its school. The Academy was created through a contract between the Bibb County School District and the Academy whereby all State funding associated with the students attending the Academy and certain specified local funds are turned over to the Academy to cover the cost of its operations. The fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was the first year of operations for the Academy. The Academy is located in Bibb County, Georgia providing education for almost 1,394 students in grades kindergarten through tenth grade. In future years, one grade will be added each year until the school serves kindergarten through twelfth grade. Complete financial statements for the Academy may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices:

Academy for Classical Education 5665 New Forsyth Road Macon, Georgia 31210 www.acemacon.org

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from the legally separate *component unit* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to those who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds have no measurement focus; however, they use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental grants, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The State of Georgia reimburses the District for teachers' salaries and operating costs through the Quality Basic Education (QBE) Formula Earnings program. State of Georgia law defines the formula driven grant that determines the cost of an academic school year and the State of Georgia's share in this cost. Generally, teachers are contracted for the school year (July 1 – June 30) and paid over a 12-month contract period, generally September 1 through August 31. In accordance with the requirements of the enabling legislation of the QBE program, the State of Georgia reimburses the District over the same 12-month period in which teachers are paid, funding the academic school year expenditures. At June 30, the amount of teachers' salaries incurred but not paid until July and August of the subsequent year are accrued, as the State of Georgia has only postponed the final payment of their share of the cost until the subsequent appropriations for cash management purposes. By June 30 of each year, the State of Georgia has a signed appropriation that includes this final amount, which represents the State of Georgia's intent to fund this final payment. Based on guidance in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 33, paragraph 74, the State of Georgia recognizes its QBE liability for the July and August salaries at June 30, and the District recognizes the same QBE as a receivable and revenue, consistent with symmetrical recognition.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **SPLOST Projects Fund** accounts for the proceeds of a 1% Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax. Funds are used for: building renovations; land and building acquisitions; and construction of new educational and administrative facilities.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

The **School Food Service Fund** accounts for the monies and commodities received from the federal and state governments and the School Food Service's cafeteria sales for the purpose of maintaining the District's breakfast, lunch, and snack programs.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The *Capital Projects Funds* account for the acquisition of capital assets and construction or improvement of major capital projects such as construction of new schools.

The *Enterprise Funds* account for the operations of the stadiums, Wellness Center, and Hutchings College and Career Academy.

The *Internal Service Funds* account for workers' compensation and unemployment compensation services that are provided to other departments or funds of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The **Private-purpose Trust Fund** accounts for resources devoted to the presentation of an award to a student and teacher each year at Appling Middle School. All resources of the fund, including any earnings on invested resources, may be used to support this purpose. There is no requirement that any portion of the resources be preserved as capital.

The *Agency Funds* are used to account for school activity funds related to school-wide fundraising activities and to account for flex medical and dependent care for the employees of the District.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the District's school food service program and the general fund. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges for services provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the District's internal service funds are charges for goods and services provided. Operating expenses of the enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of these goods and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the District to invest in: obligations of the United States, the State of Georgia and other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia, and other states; prime bankers' acceptances; repurchase agreements; and the Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1). Georgia Fund 1, created by O.C.G.A. 36-83-8, is a stable net asset value investment pool which follows Standard & Poor's criteria for AAAf rated money market funds and is regulated by the Georgia Office of the State Treasurer. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1 per share value). The asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participants' shares sold and redeemed based on \$1 per share. The pool also adjusts the value of its investments to fair market value as of year-end and the District's investment in the Georgia Fund 1 is reported at fair value.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year as well as all other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

F. On-Behalf Payments

The State of Georgia makes certain health insurance and pension plan payments on behalf of the District for its employees. The District records these payments as both a revenue and an expenditure in the General Fund. The total of the on-behalf payments for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was \$499,864.

G. <u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u>

Inventories of the School Food Service Fund are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Donated food commodities are recorded at fair value. The District utilizes the consumption method to recognize inventory usage. Under the consumption method, inventories are recorded as expenses when used rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The consumption method is used to account for prepaid items in the District's funds.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Land improvements	20
Buildings	25-50
Equipment	4-20

I. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

GASB Statements No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, established accounting and financial reporting for deferred outflows/inflows of resources and the concept of net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of net position.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position/governmental funds balance sheet reports a separate section for *deferred outflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Governmental Activities report several types of deferred outflows of resources related to the reporting of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability. See also Note 12 – Retirement Plans and Note 13 – Other Post-Employment Benefits.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position/governmental funds balance sheet reports a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In addition to the items related to changes in the net pension liability and net OPEB liability as discussed below, the District has one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and grants. These amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available. The Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities report deferred inflows of resources related to the reporting of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability. These deferred inflows of resources will be amortized over five years.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Georgia (TRS), the Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS), and the Employees' Retirement System (ERS), and additions to/deductions from each plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by each plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

K. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Post-employment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from the School OPEB Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

M. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid sick leave costs are not vested and are not accrued in any fund, but are recognized as expenditures or expenses, when paid. Accumulated unpaid vacation costs are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education through the adoption of a resolution. Likewise, fund balances that have been committed cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Board of Education removes the commitment of these funds through formal action of the adoption of a resolution. For a fund balance to show as committed for a fiscal year, the Board must adopt the resolution prior to June 30 even though the dollar amount of the commitment may be determined at a date subsequent to June 30.
- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the
 District's intent to be used for the specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.
 Through resolution, the Board of Education has authorized the Chief Financial Officer or
 Accounting Director to assign fund balances.
- Unassigned Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The School District reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the General Fund. Negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in all funds.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Fund Equity (Continued)

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balances are available for use of expenditures incurred, it is the District's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the District's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the District has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$370,601,205 difference are as follows:

Notes payable	\$ (2,512,238)
Compensated absences	(1,615,111)
Net pension liability	(188,413,081)
Net other post-employment benefit liability	(179,182,006)
Pensions - deferred inflows of resources	(20,194,104)
Net OPEB - deferred inflows of resources	(25,120,973)
Pensions - deferred outflows of resources	31,761,338
Net OPEB - deferred outflows of resources	 14,674,970
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ (370,601,205)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense."

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

The details of this \$9,593,331 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 23,295,329
Depreciation expense	 (13,701,998)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total	_
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 9,593,331

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$4,041,428 difference are as follows:

Change in compensated absences	\$ (152,590)
Adjustment to record pension expense and related revenue for pension	
special funding situations, net of fund level amounts	(51,858)
Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows	
related to pension activity	7,327,062
Change in net OPEB liability and deferred inflows and outflows	
related to pension activity	 (3,081,186)
Net adjustment to reduce net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 4,041,428

NOTE 3. LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS

Budgetary Data. The District adopts an annual budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General Fund. The SPLOST Projects Fund adopts a project length budget. Proprietary fund budgets are prepared and utilized as a management tool to assess the operations of the enterprise and internal service funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The budget is a complete financial plan for the District's fiscal year, usually the school year, and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures and probable incomes. The District's budget consists of the educational plan, expenditures for the educational plan and sources and amount of revenue. Prior to the first Monday in June, the administration of the District prepares and submits a proposed budget to the Board for approval.

After the budget has been tentatively approved by the Board, the budget must be advertised, in form and manner to be prescribed by the Board, at least one time in a newspaper of general circulation in Bibb County. Subsequent to this procedure, the Board shall revise the budget as necessary and adopt a final school budget.

The approved budget shall be certified and forwarded to the Georgia Department of Education for final approval. The budget is amended during the first six months and a mid-year review budget is prepared and approved by the Board. The budget is formally adopted at the program level and the legal level of the District's budgetary controls is the program level. Any amendments made after mid-year review may be approved by the District's management.

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Credit Risk. As of June 30, 2018, the District's investments were all rated AAAf by Standard & Poor's.

As of June 30, 2018, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Investment Maturities		Fair Value		
Georgia Fund I, AAAf	eorgia Fund I, AAAf 10-day weighted average		75,703,979		
Investments are reported in the followin Governmental Business-type Fiduciary	ng activities:	\$	65,760,010 9,917,763 26,206		
		\$	75,703,979		

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy limits all operating investments to instruments that mature within one year. All non-operating investments are best matched with their cash flow needs, with investment life of no more than five years.

Fair Value Measurements. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Georgia Fund 1 is an investment pool which does not meet the criteria of GASB Statement No. 79 and is thus valued at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31. As a result, the District does not disclose investment in the Georgia Fund 1 within the fair value hierarchy.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits and investments (other than federal and state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. As of June 30, 2018, the District's bank balance of \$17,441,086 was fully collateralized in compliance with state requirements.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For investments, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the depository financial institution, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2018, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk for investments.

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2018, for the District's individual major funds including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

			School Food
	 General	 SPLOST	 Service
Intergovernmental	\$ 34,794,960	\$ 2,745,394	\$ 369,958
Accounts	1,396,420	-	41,489
Less allowance			
for uncollectibles	 (5,337,566)	 	
Net total receivable	\$ 30,853,814	\$ 2,745,394	\$ 411,447

NOTE 6. PROPERTY TAXES

Bibb County bills and collects property taxes for the District. Property taxes are levied (assessed) on all taxable real, public utility and personal property (including vehicles) located within the County as of January 1st of each year.

Assessed values for property tax purposes are determined by the Bibb County Board of Tax Assessors for all property except public utilities and motor vehicles. Assessed value is set at 40% of market value. The State of Georgia establishes values for public utilities and motor vehicles. Real property taxes for 2017 were levied on August 18, 2017, and are due in two installments - the first payment was due October 16, 2017, and the final payment was due by November 15, 2017. Bibb County may place liens on property once the related tax payments become delinquent. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 20% of outstanding property taxes at June 30, 2018.

Vehicle personal property taxes are due upon each respective payor's date of birth on an annual basis. Beginning in April 2013, a title ad valorem tax is assessed upon sale of a vehicle, which replaces the personal property tax due annually on the payor's date of birth.

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, is as follows:

Concent Conc			Beginning								Ending
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land			Balance		Increases		Decreases		Transfers		Balance
Sample S	Governmental activities:										
Construction in progress Total 2,480,318 (14,015,745 (486,988)) (3,457,080) (3,457,080) 12,552,035 (26,421,77) Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements 8,783,224 (440,414 (185,4275)) 149,490 (9,373,128 (186,486)) 9,373,128 (186,486) 1,834,322 (183,4	Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Total 16,170,454 14,015,745 (486,968) (3,457,060) 26,242,171 Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements 8,783,224 440,414 - 149,490 9,373,128 Buildings 503,352,616 5,658,486 (1,854,275) 1,834,322 508,991,149 Equipment 45,234,261 3,180,684 (81,319) 1,473,248 49,806,874 Total 557,370,101 9,279,584 (1335,594) 3,457,060 568,171,151 Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements (3,171,500) (447,236) - 1 5 (3,618,736) Buildings (109,733,725) (9,912,796) 1,359,326 - (118,287,195) Equipment (21,230,336) (3,341,966) 64,702 - 1 (24,508,100) Total (314,136,061) (13,701,998) 1,424,028 - 1 (146,414,031) Total (314,136,061) (13,701,998) 1,424,028 - 1 (447,245,014) Governmental activities capital assets, net 423,234,040 (4,422,414) (511,566) 3,457,060 421,757,120 Governmental activities Construction in progress \$ 9,95,855 \$ \$ \$ \$ 9,95,855 Total 9,95,855 Capital assets, being depreciated: Construction in progress \$ 9,95,1260 \$ 9,95,855 Total 9,95,855 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 9,951,260 \$ (21,936) \$ 9,95,855 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 9,951,260 \$ (21,936) \$ 9,95,855 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 9,951,260 \$ (21,936) \$ 9,95,855 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 9,951,260 \$ (21,936) \$ 9,95,855 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 9,951,260 \$ (21,936) \$ 9,95,855 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 9,951,260 \$ (21,936) \$ 9,95,855 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 9,951,260 \$ (21,936) \$ 9,95,855 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 9,951,260 \$ 9,95,855 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 9,951,260 \$ 9,95,855 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 9,951,260 \$ 9,95,855 Ca	Land	\$	13,690,136	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,690,136
Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements	Construction in progress		2,480,318		14,015,745		(486,968)		(3,457,060)		12,552,035
Buildings S03,352,616 5,688,486 (1,854,275) 1,834,322 500,891,149 1,473,2448 49,040,874 Total 557,370,101 9,279,584 (1,935,594) 3,457,060 568,171,151 1,283,322 500,891,149 1,473,2448 49,800,874 Total 557,370,101 9,279,584 (1,935,594) 3,457,060 568,171,151 1,283,2594 1,359,326 -	Total		16,170,454		14,015,745		(486,968)		(3,457,060)		26,242,171
Buildings 503,352,616 5,658,486 (1,854,275) 1,834,322 508,991,149 Equipment 45,234,261 3,180,684 (81,319) 1,473,248 49,906,874 Total 557,370,101 9,279,584 (1,935,594) 3,457,060 568,171,151 Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements (3,171,500) (447,236) - - (3,618,736) Buildings (109,733,725) (9,912,796) 1,359,366 - (24,608,100) Total (134,136,061) (13,701,998) 1,424,028 - (24,608,100) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 423,234,040 (4,422,414) (511,566) 3,457,060 421,757,120 Covernmental activities Estaica sets, net explical assets, net explical assets, net explical assets, net explicated: \$9,593,331 (998,534) \$ \$99,585 Total 29,91,279 \$9,593,331 \$9,593,331 \$9,593,331 \$9,593,331 \$9,593,331 \$9,593,331 \$9,593,331 \$9,593,331 \$9,593,331 \$9,593,331 \$9,59	Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Equipment 45,234,261 3,180,684 (81,319) 1,473,248 49,806,874 Total 557,370,101 9,279,584 (1,935,594) 3,457,060 568,171,151 Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements (3,171,500) (447,236) - - (3,618,736) Buildings (109,733,725) (9,912,796) 1,359,326 - (24,508,100) Total (21,230,836) (3,341,966) 64,702 - (24,508,100) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 423,234,040 (4,422,414) (511,566) 3,457,060 421,757,120 Governmental activities: Capital assets, net 439,404,494 9,593,331 (998,534) \$ \$ 447,999,291 Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets, being depreciated: \$ 99,585 \$ \$ 99,585 Total 8,235,505 1,376,988 (249,259) - 9,363,234 Total capital assets, being depreciation for:	Land improvements		8,783,224		440,414		-		149,490		9,373,128
Total S57,370,101 9,279,584 (1,935,594) 3,457,060 568,171,151	Buildings		503,352,616		5,658,486		(1,854,275)		1,834,322		508,991,149
Land improvements	Equipment		45,234,261		3,180,684		(81,319)		1,473,248		49,806,874
Land improvements	Total		557,370,101		9,279,584		(1,935,594)		3,457,060		568,171,151
Buildings (109,733,725) (9,912,796) 1,359,326 - (118,287,195) Equipment (21,230,836) (3,341,966) 64,702 - (24,508,100) Total (134,136,061) (13,701,998) 1,424,028 - (146,414,031) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 423,234,040 (4,422,414) (511,566) 3,457,060 421,757,120 Governmental activities Capital assets, net 439,404,494 9,593,331 (998,534) - 447,999,291 Business-type activities Construction in progress - 99,595 - - 99,585 Total - 99,51260 - - - 99,585 Total 9,951,260 - (21,936) - 9,992,324 Equipment 8,235,555 1,376,988 (249,259) - 9,933,234 Total 18,186,765 1,376,988 (249,259) - 9,936,3234 Total (16,21,200) (3	Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Equipment (21,230,836) (3,341,966) 64,702 - (24,508,100) Total (134,136,061) (13,701,998) 1,424,028 - (146,414,031) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 423,234,040 (4,422,414) (511,566) 3,457,060 421,757,120 Governmental activities Capital assets, net \$ 439,404,494 \$ 9,593,331 (998,534) \$ - \$ 447,999,291 Business-type activities Capital assets, not being depreciated: Construction in progress \$ - \$ 99,585 \$ - \$ 99,585 Total 3,9951,260 - (21,936) - 9,929,324 Equipment 8,235,505 1,376,988 (249,259) - 9,363,234 Total 18,186,765 1,376,988 (271,195) - 19,292,558 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (4,633,925) (122,015) 10,509 - (4,745,431) Equipment (6,212,200) (395,74	Land improvements		(3,171,500)		(447,236)		-		-		(3,618,736)
Total (134,136,061) (13,701,998) 1,424,028 (146,414,031) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 423,234,040 (4,422,414) (511,566) 3,457,060 421,757,120 Governmental activities capital assets, net \$ 439,404,494 \$ 9,593,331 \$ (998,534) \$ - \$ 447,999,291 Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Construction in progress \$ - \$ 99,585 \$ - \$ 99,585 Total - 99,585 \$ - \$ 99,585 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 9,951,260 \$ (21,936) \$ 9,929,324 Equipment 8,235,505 1,376,988 (249,259) \$ 9,933,234 Total 18,186,765 1,376,988 (271,195) \$ 19,292,558 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (4,633,925) (122,015) 10,509 \$ (4,745,431) Equipment (6,212,200) (395,749) 244,059 \$ (6,363,890) <td>Buildings</td> <td></td> <td>(109,733,725)</td> <td></td> <td>(9,912,796)</td> <td></td> <td>1,359,326</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>(118,287,195)</td>	Buildings		(109,733,725)		(9,912,796)		1,359,326		-		(118,287,195)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 423,234,040 (4,422,414) (511,566) 3,457,060 421,757,120 Governmental activities capital assets, net \$ 439,404,494 \$ 9,593,331 \$ (998,534) \$ - \$ 447,999,291	Equipment		(21,230,836)		(3,341,966)		64,702		-		(24,508,100)
depreciated, net 423,234,040 (4,422,414) (511,566) 3,457,060 421,757,120 Governmental activities capital assets, net \$ 439,404,494 \$ 9,593,331 \$ (998,534) \$ - \$ 447,999,291 Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Construction in progress \$ - \$ 99,585 - \$ - \$ 99,585 Total - \$ 99,585 - \$ - \$ 99,585 Total assets, being depreciated: Buildings 9,951,260 - \$ (21,936) - \$ 9,929,324 Equipment 8,235,505 1,376,988 (249,259) - \$ 9,363,234 Total 18,186,765 1,376,988 (271,195) - \$ 19,292,558 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (4,633,925) (122,015) 10,509 - \$ (4,745,431) Equipment (6,212,200) (395,749) 244,059 - \$ (6,363,890) Total (10,846,125) (517,764) 254,568 - \$ (11,109,321) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	Total		(134,136,061)		(13,701,998)		1,424,028		-		(146,414,031)
depreciated, net 423,234,040 (4,422,414) (511,566) 3,457,060 421,757,120 Governmental activities capital assets, net \$ 439,404,494 \$ 9,593,331 (998,534) \$ - \$ 447,999,291 Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Construction in progress \$ - \$ 99,585 - \$ 0 - \$ 99,585 Total - 2 99,585 - 2 20,306 - 2 99,585 Total 9,951,260 - 2 (21,936) - 2 99,293,24 Equipment 8,235,505 1,376,988 (249,259) - 3,363,234 Total 18,186,765 1,376,988 (271,195) - 19,292,558 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (4,633,925) (122,015) 10,509 - 4(4,745,431) Equipment (6,212,200) (395,749) 244,059 - 6(6,363,890) Total (10,846,125) (517,764) 254,568 - (11,109,321) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 7,340,640 859,224 (16,627) - 8,183,237	Total capital assets, being										
Capital assets, net \$ 439,404,494 \$ 9,593,331 \$ (998,534) \$ - \$ 447,999,291 Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Construction in progress \$ - \$ 99,585 - \$ 99,585 Total \$ - \$ 99,585 - \$ 99,585 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings \$ 9,951,260 - (21,936) - 9,929,324 Equipment \$ 2,355,505 1,376,988 (249,259) - 9,363,234 Total 18,186,765 1,376,988 (271,195) - 19,292,558 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (4,633,925) (122,015) 10,509 - (4,745,431) Equipment (6,212,200) (395,749) 244,059 - (6,363,890) Total (10,846,125) (517,764) 254,568 - (11,109,321) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 7,340,640 859,224 (16,627)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		423,234,040		(4,422,414)		(511,566)		3,457,060		421,757,120
Capital assets, net \$ 439,404,494 \$ 9,593,331 \$ (998,534) \$ - \$ 447,999,291 Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Construction in progress \$ - \$ 99,585 - \$ 99,585 Total \$ - \$ 99,585 - \$ 99,585 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings \$ 9,951,260 - (21,936) - 9,929,324 Equipment \$ 2,355,505 1,376,988 (249,259) - 9,363,234 Total 18,186,765 1,376,988 (271,195) - 19,292,558 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (4,633,925) (122,015) 10,509 - (4,745,431) Equipment (6,212,200) (395,749) 244,059 - (6,363,890) Total (10,846,125) (517,764) 254,568 - (11,109,321) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 7,340,640 859,224 (16,627)	Governmental activities										
Capital assets, not being depreciated: \$ 99,585 \$ - \$ 99,585 Total - 99,585 - 99,585 Capital assets, being depreciated: - 995,885 - 99,585 Buildings 9,951,260 - (21,936) - 9,929,324 Equipment 8,235,505 1,376,988 (249,259) - 9,363,234 Total 18,186,765 1,376,988 (271,195) - 19,292,558 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8uildings (4,633,925) (122,015) 10,509 - (4,745,431) Equipment (6,212,200) (395,749) 244,059 - (6,363,890) Total (10,846,125) (517,764) 254,568 - (11,109,321) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 7,340,640 859,224 (16,627) - 8,183,237		\$	439,404,494	\$	9,593,331	\$	(998,534)	\$	-	\$	447,999,291
Capital assets, not being depreciated: \$ 99,585 \$ - \$ 99,585 Construction in progress \$ - \$ 99,585 - \$ 99,585 Total - 99,585 - 99,585 Capital assets, being depreciated: - (21,936) - 9,929,324 Buildings 9,951,260 - (21,936) - 9,929,324 Equipment 8,235,505 1,376,988 (249,259) - 9,363,234 Total 18,186,765 1,376,988 (271,195) - 19,292,558 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (4,633,925) (122,015) 10,509 - (4,745,431) Equipment (6,212,200) (395,749) 244,059 - (6,363,890) Total (10,846,125) (517,764) 254,568 - (11,109,321) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 7,340,640 859,224 (16,627) - 8,183,237 Business-type activities	Business tune setivities										
Construction in progress Total \$ - \$ 99,585 - \$ 99,585 - \$ 99,585 Capital assets, being depreciated: \$ 9,951,260 - \$ (21,936) - \$ 9,929,324 Equipment 8,235,505 1,376,988 (249,259) - \$ 9,9363,234 Total 18,186,765 1,376,988 (271,195) - \$ 19,292,558 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8uildings (4,633,925) (122,015) 10,509 - \$ (4,745,431) Equipment (6,212,200) (395,749) 244,059 - \$ (6,363,890) Total (10,846,125) (517,764) 254,568 - \$ (11,109,321) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 7,340,640 859,224 (16,627) - \$ 8,183,237 Business-type activities	••										
Total - 99,585 - - 99,585 Capital assets, being depreciated: 80,951,260 - (21,936) - 9,929,324 Equipment 8,235,505 1,376,988 (249,259) - 9,363,234 Total 18,186,765 1,376,988 (271,195) - 19,292,558 Less accumulated depreciation for: 80,000 10,509 - (4,745,431) 10,509 - (4,745,431) 10,509 - (6,363,890) 10,509 - (6,363,890) 10,509 - (6,363,890) 10,509 - (6,363,890) 10,509 - (6,363,890) 10,509 - (6,363,890) 10,509 - (6,363,890) 10,509 - (6,363,890) 10,509 - (6,363,890) 10,509 - (6,363,890) 10,509 - (6,363,890) 10,509 - (6,363,890) 10,509 - (6,363,890) 10,509 - (7,109,321) 10,509 - (7,109,321) 10,509 - <td< td=""><td></td><td>¢.</td><td></td><td>œ</td><td>00 505</td><td>æ</td><td></td><td>æ</td><td></td><td>æ</td><td>00 505</td></td<>		¢.		œ	00 505	æ		æ		æ	00 505
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 9,951,260 - (21,936) - 9,929,324 Equipment 8,235,505 1,376,988 (249,259) - 9,363,234 Total 18,186,765 1,376,988 (271,195) - 19,292,558 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (4,633,925) (122,015) 10,509 - (4,745,431) Equipment (6,212,200) (395,749) 244,059 - (6,363,890) Total (10,846,125) (517,764) 254,568 - (11,109,321) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net depreciated, net 7,340,640 859,224 (16,627) - 8,183,237 Business-type activities		Ф		Ф		Þ	-	Ф		Ф	
Buildings 9,951,260 - (21,936) - 9,929,324 Equipment 8,235,505 1,376,988 (249,259) - 9,363,234 Total 18,186,765 1,376,988 (271,195) - 19,292,558 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 8 8 1,376,988 (271,195) - 19,292,558 Buildings (4,633,925) (122,015) 10,509 - (4,745,431) Equipment (6,212,200) (395,749) 244,059 - (6,363,890) Total (10,846,125) (517,764) 254,568 - (11,109,321) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 7,340,640 859,224 (16,627) - 8,183,237 Business-type activities					99,303						99,303
Equipment 8,235,505 1,376,988 (249,259) - 9,363,234 Total 18,186,765 1,376,988 (271,195) - 19,292,558 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (4,633,925) (122,015) 10,509 - (4,745,431) Equipment (6,212,200) (395,749) 244,059 - (6,363,890) Total (10,846,125) (517,764) 254,568 - (11,109,321) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 7,340,640 859,224 (16,627) - 8,183,237 Business-type activities			0.051.260				(21.036)				0.020.324
Total 18,186,765 1,376,988 (271,195) - 19,292,558 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (4,633,925) (122,015) 10,509 - (4,745,431) Equipment (6,212,200) (395,749) 244,059 - (6,363,890) Total (10,846,125) (517,764) 254,568 - (11,109,321) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 7,340,640 859,224 (16,627) - 8,183,237 Business-type activities	· ·				1 276 000				-		
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (4,633,925) (122,015) 10,509 - (4,745,431) Equipment (6,212,200) (395,749) 244,059 - (6,363,890) Total (10,846,125) (517,764) 254,568 - (11,109,321) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 7,340,640 859,224 (16,627) - 8,183,237 Business-type activities							. , ,				
Buildings (4,633,925) (122,015) 10,509 - (4,745,431) Equipment (6,212,200) (395,749) 244,059 - (6,363,890) Total (10,846,125) (517,764) 254,568 - (11,109,321) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 7,340,640 859,224 (16,627) - 8,183,237 Business-type activities			10,100,703		1,370,900		(271,195)				19,292,330
Equipment (6,212,200) (395,749) 244,059 - (6,363,890) Total (10,846,125) (517,764) 254,568 - (11,109,321) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 7,340,640 859,224 (16,627) - 8,183,237 Business-type activities	· ·		(4 000 005)		(100.015)		40.500				(4.745.404)
Total (10,846,125) (517,764) 254,568 - (11,109,321) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 7,340,640 859,224 (16,627) - 8,183,237 Business-type activities	•								-		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 7,340,640 859,224 (16,627) - 8,183,237 Business-type activities											
depreciated, net 7,340,640 859,224 (16,627) - 8,183,237 Business-type activities	Total		(10,846,125)		(517,764)		254,568				(11,109,321)
Business-type activities	Total capital assets, being										
	depreciated, net		7,340,640		859,224		(16,627)				8,183,237
capital assets, net \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Business-type activities										
	capital assets, net	\$	7,340,640	\$	859,224	\$	(16,627)	\$	-	\$	8,282,822

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 11,051,113
General administration	860,090
Maintenance and operations	730,316
Student transportation	1,060,479
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 13,701,998
Business-type activities:	
School food services	\$ 514,712
Other activities	3,052
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 517,764

B. Discretely Presented Component Unit – Academy for Classical Education

	 Beginning Balance	 Increases	Decr	eases		Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land improvements	\$ 392,696	\$ 31,322	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 424,018
Construction in progress	 4,661,548	 1,536,071		-		(6,197,619)	
Total	5,054,244	1,567,393			_	(6,197,619)	424,018
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Building improvements	2,216,089	479,356		-		-	2,695,445
Buildings	21,628,584	-		_		6,197,619	27,826,203
Equipment	1,224,531	305,359		-		-	1,529,890
Total	25,069,204	784,715				6,197,619	32,051,538
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Building improvements	(531,418)	(354,840)		-		_	(886,258)
Buildings	(846,521)	(618,185)		_		-	(1,464,706)
Equipment	(274,764)	(170,521)		_		-	(445,285)
Total	(1,652,703)	(1,143,546)		-		=	(2,796,249)
Total capital assets, being							
depreciated, net	 23,416,501	 (358,831)				6,197,619	 29,255,289
Total capital assets, net	\$ 28,470,745	\$ 1,208,562	\$		\$		\$ 29,679,307

NOTE 8. FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION

The following is an analysis of fund balance as of June 30, 2018.

	 General	 SPLOST Projects	 Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:			
Prepaids	\$ 222,902	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	-	32,943,977	-
Committed for:			
Student activities	-	-	518,714
Capital projects	-	-	2,048,863
Assigned for:			
Subsequent year's budget	3,723,032	-	-
Unassigned	 28,347,669	 -	
	\$ 32,293,603	\$ 32,943,977	\$ 2,567,577

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Primary Government

Energy Services Note Payable. On November 15, 2012, the Board of Education approved a resolution authorizing the negotiation and execution of a note payable for certain energy conservation measures related to the retrofit and installation of induction lighting throughout the District. This resolution resulted in the execution of a master lease agreement for the costs of installation/construction of approximately \$3,935,000 together with interest paid under the master lease to finance the installation/construction phase of approximately \$750,000 and the evaluation, measurement and verification costs over the guaranteed period of approximately \$1,615,000 for total project cost of approximately \$6,300,000 exclusive of actual annual expenses and savings and allowable adjustments during the installation/construction phase.

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

The future minimum note obligations and the net present value of these minimum note payments as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest	Total		
2019	\$ 532,391	\$ 67,609	\$	600,000	
2020	548,469	51,531		600,000	
2021	633,157	34,258		667,415	
2022	735,444	13,684		749,128	
2023	 62,777	 223		63,000	
Total	\$ 2,512,238	\$ 167,305	\$	2,679,543	

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Oue Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Note payable	\$ 3,014,474	\$ -	\$ (502,236)	\$ 2,512,238	\$ 532,391
Net pension liability	216,854,907	23,611,405	(52,053,231)	188,413,081	-
Net OPEB liability	193,196,445	17,756,333	(31,770,772)	179,182,006	-
Claims payable	1,645,836	1,604,155	(2,165,288)	1,084,703	600,271
Compensated absences	1,462,521	473,463	(320,873)	1,615,111	289,701
Governmental activities:					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 416,174,183	\$ 43,445,356	\$ (86,812,400)	\$ 372,807,139	\$ 1,422,363
Business-type activities:					
Net pension liability	\$ 3,181,344	\$ 378,955	\$ (538,322)	\$ 3,021,977	\$ -
Net OPEB liability	17,190,554	1,579,759	(2,826,759)	15,943,554	-
Business-type activities:					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 20,371,898	\$ 1,958,714	\$ (3,365,081)	\$ 18,965,531	\$ -

For governmental activities, compensated absences, net pension liability, and net OPEB liability are liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

B. Discretely Presented Component Unit – Academy for Classical Education

 Beginning Balance		Additions	F	Reductions		Ending Balance		ue Within One Year
\$ 34,990,000	\$	_	\$	-	\$	34,990,000	\$	_
(80,760)		2,307		-		(78,453)		-
5,726,783		1,976,915		(1,360,944)		6,342,754		-
6,443,119		1,926,039		(851,446)		7,517,712		-
\$ 47,079,142	\$	3,905,261	\$	(2,212,390)	\$	48,772,013	\$	-
\$	\$ 34,990,000 (80,760) 5,726,783 6,443,119	\$ 34,990,000 \$ (80,760) 5,726,783 6,443,119	Balance Additions \$ 34,990,000 (80,760) \$ - 2,307 5,726,783 (5,443,119) 1,976,915 1,926,039	Balance Additions F \$ 34,990,000 (80,760) \$ 2,307 5,726,783 (6,443,119) 1,976,915 1,926,039 1,926,039	Balance Additions Reductions \$ 34,990,000 \$ - \$ - (80,760) 2,307 - 5,726,783 1,976,915 (1,360,944) 6,443,119 1,926,039 (851,446)	Balance Additions Reductions \$ 34,990,000 \$ - \$ - \$ (80,760) 2,307 - 5,726,783 1,976,915 (1,360,944) 6,443,119 1,926,039 (851,446)	Balance Additions Reductions Balance \$ 34,990,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 34,990,000 (80,760) 2,307 - (78,453) 5,726,783 1,976,915 (1,360,944) 6,342,754 6,443,119 1,926,039 (851,446) 7,517,712	Balance Additions Reductions Balance \$ 34,990,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 34,990,000 \$ (78,453) (80,760) 2,307 - (78,453) 5,726,783 1,976,915 (1,360,944) 6,342,754 6,443,119 1,926,039 (851,446) 7,517,712

NOTE 10. OPERATING LEASES

The District, as lessor, leases excess space in its central office building (approximately 30% of the total square footage) to various private companies and accounts for these leases as operating leases.

The cost of the building, related depreciation and net book value of the central office building is as follows:

Cost of building	\$ 8,511,484
Accumulated depreciation	 (3,215,441)
Net book value	\$ 5,296,043

Lease terms vary and extend through October 31, 2025. Rental revenues under these operating leases during the year ended June 30, 2018, were \$487,598. Minimum future rentals to be received under operating leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2019	\$ 487,598
2020	467,528
2021	602,694
2022	457,493
2023	457,493
2024-2025	662,463
	\$ 3,135,269

NOTE 11. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2018, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

				P	'ayable Fund	d					
			SPLOST		School	N	lonmajor	N	lonmajor		
(General		Projects		Food	Е	nterprise	Gov	/ernmental		
	Fund		Fund	_	Service		Funds		Funds		Total
\$	-	\$	25,002	\$	324,201	\$	65,563	\$	14,398	\$	429,164
	77,330				-		-		-		77,330
	4,247		-	_	_		-		-		4,247
\$	81,577	\$	25,002	\$	324,201	\$	65,563	\$	14,398	\$	510,741
	\$	\$ - 77,330 4,247	Fund \$ - \$ 77,330 4,247	General Fund Projects Fund \$ - \$ 25,002 77,330 - 4,247 -	SPLOST Projects Fund	General Fund SPLOST Projects Food Fund School Service \$ - \$ 25,002 \$ 324,201 77,330	General Fund Projects Food Fund Food Service E \$ - \$ 25,002 \$ 324,201 \$ 77,330 - - - 4,247 - - -	General Fund SPLOST School Projects Food Fund Nonmajor Enterprise Funds \$ - \$ 25,002 \$ 324,201 \$ 65,563 77,330	SPLOST School Nonmajor No	General Fund SPLOST Projects Food Fund School Enterprise Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds \$ - \$ 25,002 \$ 324,201 \$ 65,563 \$ 14,398 77,330	General Fund SPLOST Projects Food Funds School Enterprise Governmental Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds \$ - \$ 25,002 \$ 324,201 \$ 65,563 \$ 14,398 \$ 77,330 4,247

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers:

	Tra	Transfers Out	
Transfers In		General Fund	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	\$	250,000	
Total	\$	250,000	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund and other funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 12. RETIREMENT PLANS

Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description

All teachers of the District as defined in §47-3-60 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) and certain other support personnel as defined by §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia ("TRS"). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees ("TRS Board"). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions

Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2018. The school district's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 16.81% of annual school district payroll. District contributions to TRS were \$20,858,843 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTE 12. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support provided to the District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amounts recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

• •	•	•	
State of Georgia's proportiona	ate share of the n	et pension	
liability associated with the	District		96,272
			_
Total			\$ 191,130,192

191,033,920

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. At June 30 2017, the District's proportion was 1.027876%, which was a decrease of 0.0355581% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

NOTE 12. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$19,743,168 and revenue of \$(48,718) for support provided by the State of Georgia for certain support personnel. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 7,145,845	\$ 720,942
Changes of assumptions	4,187,700	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,314,633
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	18,385,747
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	20,858,843	 - _
Total	\$ 32,192,388	\$ 20,421,322

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$20,858,843, are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2019	\$ (8,290,713)
2020	4,422,657
2021	1,350,011
2022	(6,564,729)
2023	(5,003)

NOTE 12. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2017, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%
Salary increases 3.75% – 9.00%, average, including inflation
Investment rate 7.50%, net of pension plan of return investment expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males) for service retirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) was used for death after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 12. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation (%)	Long-term expected real rate of return (%)
Fixed income	30.00	(0.50)
Domestic large equities	39.80	9.00
Domestic mid equities	3.70	12.00
Domestic small equities	1.50	13.50
International developed market equities	19.40	8.00
International emerging market equities	5.60	12.00
Total	100.00	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and State of Georgia contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1.00%	Current	1.00%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	 (6.50%)	 (7.50%)	 (8.50%)
District's proportionate share of the net		_	
pension liability	\$ 313,509,077	\$ 191,033,920	\$ 90,141,919

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report which is publicly available at www.trsga.com/publications.

NOTE 12. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)

Plan Description

PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs/formspubs.

Benefits Provided

A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of 10 years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$14.75, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions

The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees.

NOTE 12. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense

At June 30, 2018, the District did not have a liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of the related State of Georgia support. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District is as follows:

State of Georgia's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability associated with the District

\$ 2,609,861

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2017, was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$525,989 and revenue of \$525,989 for support provided by the State of Georgia.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75% Salary increase N/A

Investment rate of return 7.50% Net pension plan investment expense, including inflation

2025 with projection scale BB (set forward three years for males and two years for females) for the period after service retirements and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward five years for both males and females) was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-11% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for healthy retirees and 9-11% less than

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

expected under the selected table for disabled retirees. Rates of mortality in active service were based

on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

NOTE 12. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation (%)	Long-term expected real rate of return (%)*
Fixed income	30.00	(0.50)
Domestic large equities	37.20	9.00
Domestic mid equities	3.40	12.00
Domestic small equities	1.40	13.50
International developed market equities	17.80	8.00
International emerging market equities	5.20	12.00
Alternatives	5.00	10.50
Total	100.00	

^{*} Rates shown are net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 12. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Employees Retirement System (ERS)

Plan Description

ERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly during the 1949 Legislative Session for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for employees of the State of Georgia and its political subdivisions. ERS is directed by a Board of Trustees. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.

Benefits Provided

The ERS Plan supports three benefit tiers: Old Plan, New Plan, and Georgia State Employees' Pension and Savings Plan ("GSEPS"). Employees under the Old Plan started membership prior to July 1, 1982, and are subject to plan provisions in effect prior to July 1, 1982. Members hired on or after July 1, 1982, but prior to January 1, 2009, are New Plan members subject to modified plan provisions. Effective January 1, 2009, new state employees and rehired state employees who did not retain membership rights under the Old or New Plans are members of GSEPS. ERS members hired prior to January 1, 2009, also have the option to irrevocably change their membership to GSEPS.

Under the Old Plan, the New Plan, and GSEPS, a member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits after completion of 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 60 or 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service for members under age 60.

Retirement benefits paid to members are based upon the monthly average of the member's highest 24 consecutive calendar months, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, multiplied by the applicable benefit factor. Annually, post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments may also be made to members' benefits, provided the members were hired prior to July 1, 2009. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly for life; however, options are available for distribution of the member's monthly pension, at reduced rates, to a designated beneficiary upon the member's death. Death and disability benefits are also available through ERS.

Contributions

Member contributions under the old plan are 4% of annual compensation, up to \$4,200, plus 6% of annual compensation in excess of \$4,200. Under the Old Plan, the state pays member contributions in excess of 1.25% of annual compensation. Under the Old Plan, these state contributions are included in the members' accounts for refund purposes and are used in the computation of the members' earnable compensation for the purpose of computing retirement benefits.

NOTE 12. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Employees Retirement System (ERS) (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Member contributions under the New Plan and GSEPS are 1.25% of annual compensation. The District's contractually required contribution rate, actuarially determined annually, for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 24.69% of annual covered payroll for Old and New Plan members and 21.69% for GSEPS members. The District's contributions to ERS totaled \$72,895 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability in the amount of \$401,138. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2017, was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to ERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the Employer's proportion was 0.009877%, which was a decrease of 0.003509% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$(17,259). At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,395	\$ 3
Changes of assumptions	913	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	999
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	94,826
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	72,895	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 78,203	\$ 95,828

NOTE 12. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Employees Retirement System (ERS) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$72,895 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ending	June	30:
------	--------	------	-----

2019	\$ (65,361)
2020	(18,288)
2021	4,503
2022	(11,374)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2017, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation rate 2.75%

Salary increases 3.25% - 7.00%, average, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.50%, Net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB and set forward two years for both males and females for service retirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB and set back seven years for males and set forward three years for females was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-12% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for service retirements and beneficiaries and for disability retirements. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

NOTE 12. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Employees Retirement System (ERS) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation (%)	Long-term expected real rate of return (%)*
Fixed income	30.00	(0.50)
Domestic large equities	37.20	9.00
Domestic mid equities	3.40	12.00
Domestic small equities	1.40	13.50
International developed market equities	17.80	8.00
International emerging market equities	5.20	12.00
Alternatives	5.00	10.50
Total	100.00	

^{*} Rates shown are net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and State of Georgia contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 12. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Employees Retirement System (ERS) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	I	1.00% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)			1.00% Increase (8.50%)	
District's proportionate share of the				,			
net pension liability	\$	566,186	\$	401,138	\$	260,347	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS financial report which is publicly available at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.

NOTE 13. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The District participates in the State of Georgia School Employees Post-employment Benefit Fund (the "School OPEB Fund") which is an other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") plan administered by the State of Georgia Department of Community Health ("DCH"). Certified teachers and non-certified employees of the Board as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund of the State of Georgia and administered by a Board of Community Health ("DCH Board"). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the DCH Board. The School OPEB Fund is included in the State of Georgia Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is publicly available and can be obtained at https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports.

Benefits

The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies, and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System ("ERS"), Georgia Judicial Retirement System ("JRS"), Legislative Retirement System ("LRS"), Teachers Retirement System ("TRS") or Public School Employees Retirement System ("PSERS"). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement ("HRA"), Health Maintenance Organization ("HMO") and a High Deductible Health Plan ("HDHP"). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions

As established by the DCH Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions required and made to the School OPEB Fund from the Board were \$7,293,321 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

NOTE 13. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

Effective July 1, 2017, the District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which significantly changed the District's accounting for OPEB amounts. The information disclosed in this note is presented in accordance with this new standard.

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$195,125,560 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions to the School OPEB Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 1.388798%, which was a decrease of (0.030790)% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$10,648,669. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Resource	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Changes of assumptions	\$	-	\$	14,858,314	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	57,(071		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	8,630,	352		12,497,914	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	7,293,	321_			
Total	\$ 15,980,	744	\$	27,356,228	

NOTE 13. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Year ending June 30:

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$7,293,321 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

rour orianing during out.	
2019	\$ (3,353,695)
2020	(3,353,695)
2021	(3,353,695)
2022	(3,353,695)
2023	(3.367.963)

(1,886,062)

Actuarial Assumptions

2024

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	TRS - 3.25 – 9.00%, including inflation
	PSERS - N/A
Long-term expected rate of return	3.88%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate:	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	7.75%
Medicare Eligible	5.75%
Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	5.00%
Medicare Eligible	5.00%
Year of Ultimate trend rate	2022

NOTE 13. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB as follows:

- For TRS Members: The RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward one year for males) was used for death after service retirement and beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) was used for death after disability retirement.
- For PSERS Members: The RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward three years for males and two years for females) was used for the period after service retirement and for beneficiaries of deceased members. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward five years for both males and females) was used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension system, which covered the five-year period ended June 30, 2014.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the Board and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

Additionally, there was a change that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date. The methodology used to determine employee and retiree participation in the School OPEB Fund is based on their current or last employer payroll location. Current and former employees of public school districts, libraries, regional educational service agencies, and community colleges are allocated to the School OPEB Fund irrespective of retirement system affiliation.

NOTE 13. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class
Local Government Investment Pool

Long-Term Expected
Real Rate of Return
100%
3.88%

Discount rate

The discount rate has changed since the prior measurement date from 3.07% to 3.58%. In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.58% was used as the discount rate. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.56% per the Bond Buyer Index). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the current sharing of costs between the employer and the member will continue and that contributions from the employer will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2115. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make OPEB payments for inactive employees through year 2029. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to discount projected benefit payments until 2029. The discount rate of 3.58% was the single rate which, when applied to all projected benefit payments, resulted in the same present value of benefit payments when the above discussed calculations are combined. The calculated discount rate of 3.58% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 13. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.58%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.58%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.58%) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	 Decrease (2.58%)		Discount Rate (3.58%)	 Increase (4.58%)
District's proportionate share of the	 _		_	 _
net OPEB liability	\$ 231,676,650	\$	195,125,560	\$ 166,279,347

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate:

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates of 5.00% to 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.00% to 6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.00% to 8.75%) than the current rates:

	1%			Healthcare		1%
	Decrease (4.00% to 6.75%)		Cost Trend Rate (5.00% to 7.75%)			Increase (6.00% to 8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the						·
net OPEB liability	\$	161,736,859	\$	195,125,560	\$	238,597,598

NOTE 14. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The District offers its employees a tax deferred annuity plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 403b. The plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional.

It is the opinion of the District's legal counsel that the District has no liability for losses under the plan, but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The District believes these assets are not available to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

NOTE 15. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss for claims associated with torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disaster; workers' compensation; unemployment compensation; and dental benefits.

The District is self-insured for workers' compensation and unemployment compensation. Premiums are paid into internal service funds by user funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs of the program. These interfund premiums are recognized as revenue in the internal service funds. The premiums are calculated on the basis of the percentage of that fund's payroll to total payroll. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated including amounts of claims incurred, but not yet reported. An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$500,000 loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit. The District has not experienced any significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous years nor has it paid any settlements in excess of insurance coverage in the past three years.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities for the past two fiscal years for the funds for which the District is self-insured are as follows:

Workers' Compensation Fund	June 30, 2018	Ju	une 30, 2017	
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$ 1,645,836	\$	1,715,027	
Incurred claims and changes in estimates	1,576,715		2,200,593	
Claim payments	(2,137,848)		(2,269,784)	
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$ 1,084,703	\$	1,645,836	

As of June 30, 2018, \$484,431 of the unpaid workers' compensation claims are due within one year.

Unemployment Compensation Fund	June 30, 2018	Jun	e 30, 2017
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$ -	\$	-
Incurred claims and changes in estimates	27,440		58,062
Claim payments	(27,440)		(58,062)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	<u> </u>	\$	-

NOTE 16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District is involved in a number of legal matters which either have or could result in litigation. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the District's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2018, may be impaired.

In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

The District is committed under outstanding construction contracts in the capital projects funds in the amount of \$51,348,245. Construction contracts include new school construction and expansion and renovation of existing facilities.

NOTE 17. TAX ABATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District's tax revenues were reduced by \$6,459,179 under agreements entered into by the Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority and the Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority. Under these agreements, taxes on both real and personal property are reduced based on investments made by the corporation to whom the incentives were offered. In order to qualify, certain eligibility requirements must be met and are based on the economic development goals of each project. Generally, a project will create employment opportunities, promote trade and commerce in the County, and increase the tax base. If a company fails to meet the criteria established in the agreement, recovery payments may apply.

NOTE 18. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions, through which accounting for OPEB plans and the related disclosure requirements were modified. A restatement to the July 1, 2017 beginning net position for the governmental and business-type activities, the School Food Service Fund and Wellness Center Fund, was made to recognize this change in accounting principle. The resulting adjustments are as follows:

Net position, Governmental Activities, as previously reported Deferred outflows - OPEB Net OPEB liability	\$ 318,432,852 6,649,622 (193,196,445)
Net position, Governmental Activities, as restated	\$ 131,886,029
Net position, Business-type Activities, as previously reported Deferred outflows - OPEB Net OPEB liability	\$ 18,192,971 591,681 (17,190,554)
Net position, Business-type Activities, as restated	\$ 1,594,098
Net position, School Food Service Fund, as previously reported Deferred outflows - OPEB Net OPEB liability	\$ 18,405,349 588,101 (17,086,540)
Net position, School Food Service Fund, as restated	\$ 1,906,910
Net position, Wellness Center Fund, as previously reported Deferred outflows - OPEB Net OPEB liability	\$ (128,676) 3,580 (104,014)
Net position, Wellness Center Fund, as restated	\$ (229,110)

BIBB COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 2018	2017	2016	 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	1.027876%	1.063457%	1.138128%	1.173353%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 191,033,920	\$ 219,403,037	\$ 173,268,686	\$ 148,237,675
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	 96,272	 134,515	 177,055	233,849
Total	\$ 191,130,192	\$ 219,537,552	\$ 173,445,741	\$ 148,471,524
	\$ 118,020,491	\$ 116,609,215	\$ 122,369,574	\$ 119,705,334
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	161.87%	188.15%	141.59%	123.84%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension	79.33%	76.06%	81.44%	84.03%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	2018	2017	2016		2015	
Contractually required contributions	\$ 20,858,843	\$ 16,841,524	\$	16,640,135	\$	16,091,599
Contributions in relation to the contractually required	 20,858,843	 16,841,524		16,640,135		16,091,599
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ _	\$	-	\$	_
District's covered payroll	\$ 124,085,919	\$ 118,020,491	\$	116,609,215	\$	122,369,574
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.81%	14.27%		14.27%		13.15%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Changes of Assumptions

In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to the rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal, and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Districts's proportion of the net	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
pension liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net position liability associated with the District	 2,609,861	3,330,650	 2,201,966	1,764,249
Total	\$ 2,609,861	\$ 3,330,650	\$ 2,201,966	\$ 1,764,249
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,995,782	\$ 4,398,447	\$ 3,895,721	\$ 7,554,145
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension	85.69%	81.00%	87.00%	88.29%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Changes of Assumptions

In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to the rates of mortality, retirement, and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward three years for males and two years for females).

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 2018	2017	2016	 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.009877%	0.013386%	0.014033%	0.019619%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 401,138	\$ 633,214	\$ 568,533	\$ 735,834
District's covered payroll	\$ 241,835	\$ 311,239	\$ 325,087	\$ 436,547
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	165.87%	203.45%	174.89%	168.56%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension	76.33%	72.34%	76.20%	77.99%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 2018	2017	2016	 2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 72,895	\$ 59,709	\$ 62,565	\$ 71,389
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 72,895	 59,709	62,565	 71,389
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 295,241	\$ 241,835	\$ 253,095	\$ 325,087
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	24.69%	24.69%	24.72%	21.96%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Changes of Benefit Terms

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after July 1, 2009. A one-time 3% payment was granted to certain retirees and beneficiaries effective July 2016.

Changes of Assumptions

On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to the rates of mortality, retirement, withdrawal, and salary increases.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 2018	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	1.388798%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 195,125,560	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 103,879,397	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	187.84%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	1.61%	

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		2018		
Contractually required contribution	\$	7,293,321		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		7,293,321		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>			
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	98,314,469		
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		7.42%		

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Changes of Benefit Terms

In the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation, there was a change of benefit terms to require Medicareeligible recipients to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan to receive the State subsidy.

Changes of Assumptions

In the revised June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, there was a change relating to employee allocation. Employees were previously allocated based on their Retirement System membership, and currently employees are allocated based on their current employer payroll location.

In the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies.

In the June 30, 2012 actuarial valuation, a data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

BIBB COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING FUND STATEMENTS & SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS To a

To account for local major capital expenditures funded from local sources.

SCHOOL DISCRETIONARY

To account for the portion of the school activity resources used for general governmental expenditures.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS	Capital Projects Capital Improvements		Special Revenue School Discretionary		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Cash Investments	\$	832,839 1,335,263	\$	533,469 -	\$ 1,366,308 1,335,263
Total assets	\$	2,168,102	\$	533,469	\$ 2,701,571
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Due to other funds Accrued payroll and payroll withholdings	\$	119,239 - -	\$	261 14,398 96	\$ 119,500 14,398 96
Total liabilities		119,239		14,755	133,994
FUND BALANCES					
Committed for: Capital projects Student activities Total fund balances	\$	2,048,863	\$	518,714 518,714	\$ 2,048,863 518,714 2,567,577
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,168,102	\$	533,469	\$ 2,701,571

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Capital Projects Capital Improvements			Special Revenue School scretionary	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES					
Local sources	\$	750,000	\$	1,062,880	\$ 1,812,880
Interest earned		18,043			 18,043
Total revenues		768,043		1,062,880	1,830,923
EXPENDITURES Current: Instruction Maintenance and operations Student transportation Capital outlay Total expenditures	_	245,783 - 93,503 339,286		969,575 864 52,448 - 1,022,887	969,575 246,647 52,448 93,503 1,362,173
Net change in fund balances		428,757		39,993	468,750
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		1,620,106		478,721	2,098,827
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	2,048,863	\$	518,714	\$ 2,567,577

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

STADIUMS To account for the operations of Henderson Stadium and the Ed Defore

Sports Complex.

WELLNESS CENTERTo account for the operation of the Wellness Center.

HUTCHINGS ACADEMYTo account for the operations of the various business enterprise ventures of

the students in the industry pathway programs at the Hutchings College and

Career Academy.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS - 2011 ISSUE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Original Estimated Cost ¹	Current Estimated Cost ⁵		Prior Years ^{2,3}	Current Year ⁴		 Total
Acquiring, constructing, and equipping five new elementary schools	\$	74,529,000	\$ 50,084,922	\$	50,080,990	\$	3,932	\$ 50,084,922
Renovating, extending, repairing, and equipping existing school facilities		33,999,000	39,453,304		38,713,844		342,080	39,055,924
Acquiring, constructing, and equipping various athletic facilities		13,375,000	16,020,601		13,585,414		4,493	13,589,907
Constructing and equipping a replacement facility for maintenance and custodial operations		6,577,000	5,481,127		5,029,650		448,615	5,478,265
Providing controlled access entrances at existing schools and improving school site safety and traffic flow throughout the District		5,949,000	11,080,177		8,701,708		1,606,779	10,308,487
Purchasing new technology, fine arts equipment, athletic equipment, and safety and security systems throughout the District		20,000,000	29,511,537		27,473,208		495,176	27,968,384
Purchasing school buses, vehicles, and maintenance, custodial, and transportation equipment		8,500,000	10,347,810		8,164,263		1,675,952	9,840,215
Planning for new District site acquisition, site development and construction, and paying expenses incident to accomplishing the foregoing projects ²		13,200,000	22,836,381		22,836,381			22,836,381
roregoing projects	<u> </u>	176,129,000	\$ 184,815,859	<u> </u>	174,585,458	\$	4,577,027	\$ 179,162,485

¹ The original resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax includes an amount not to exceed \$198,500,000. The original amount budgeted is less than the not to exceed amount as a conservative measure not to exceed actual collected. Adjustments to the budget may be made as collections are received. Tax collections began in January 2011.

² Included in the expenditures shown above, the District has incurred interest to provide advanced funding for the above projects. Prior year interest was \$3,403,244.

³ Included in the expenditures shown above are expenditures which were funded by grant funds in the amount of \$15,943,889 and E-rate funds of \$3,915,794.

⁴ Included in the expenditures shown above are expenditures which were funded by grant funds in the amount of \$77,340

⁵ Included in estimated costs are bond expenditures.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS - 2016 ISSUE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Original Estimated Cost ¹	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years ²	Current Year	 Total
Acquiring, constructing, and equipping one new elementary school	\$	19,000,000	\$ 15,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Consolidation of Appling Middle School and Northeast High School to a shared campus		45,000,000	54,245,602	470,793	4,519,676	4,990,469
Renovating, extending, repairing, and equipping existing school facilities		33,980,081	28,734,479	3,480,645	5,503,412	8,984,057
Acquiring, constructing, and equipping various athletic facilities		1,000,000	1,000,000	34,677	481,358	516,035
Constructing and equipping a replacement facility for campus policy and transportation		5,000,000	6,844,000	139,140	4,866,116	5,005,256
Providing controlled access entrances and updating security technology throughout the District		4,000,000	2,156,000	351,371	434,642	786,013
Constructing, furnishing, and equipping auditoriums, including new auditioriums at Rutland High School and Westside High School		18,000,000	18,000,000	37,724	45,000	82,724
Capital outlay projects for educational purposes for us by approved charter school operators		4,776,342	1,522,342	359,138	541,959	901,097
Purchasing new technology, fine arts equipmen athletic equipment, and safety and security systems throughout the District	ıt,	22,635,720	22,635,720	18,555,873	825,198	19,381,071
Purchasing school buses, vehicles, and maintenance, custodial, and transportation equipment		4,000,000	4,000,000	107,746	17,146	124,892
Planning for new District site acquisition, demolition of surplus property, site development and construction, and paying expenses incident to accomplishing						
the foregoing projects		8,819,251	 9,439,515	 529,653	 4,615,596	 5,145,249
	\$	166,211,394	\$ 163,577,658	\$ 24,066,760	\$ 21,850,103	\$ 45,916,863

¹ The original resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax includes an amount not to exceed \$185,000,000. The original amount budgeted is less than the not to exceed amount as a conservative measure not to exceed actual collected. Adjustments to the budget may be made as collections are received. Tax collections began in January 2016.

 Total expenditures, 2011 Issue
 4,577,027

 Total expenditures, 2016 Issue
 21,850,103

 Total expenditures SPLOST Fund
 \$ 26,427,130

² Included in the expenditures shown above are expenditures which were funded by grant funds in the amount of \$216,527.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	s	tadiums	/ellness Center	tchings cademy		Total onmajor prise Funds
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash	\$	83,069	\$ -	\$ 20,291	\$	103,360
Investments		-	 75,426	 -		75,426
Total current assets		83,069	 75,426	 20,291		178,786
CAPITAL ASSETS						
Furniture and equipment		63,396	 15,129	 		78,525
Total depreciable assets		63,396	15,129	-		78,525
Less accumulated depreciation		(54,125)	 (9,702)	 -		(63,827)
Total capital assets		9,271	 5,427	 		14,698
Total assets		92,340	 80,853	 20,291		193,484
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pensions		-	31,157	-		31,157
Other post-employment benefits	-	-	 7,901	 	-	7,901
Total deferred outflows of resources		<u>-</u>	39,058	 		39,058
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		7,743	-	-		7,743
Due to other funds		42,863	22,700			65,563
Accrued payroll and payroll withholdings		-	4,861	-		4,861
Unearned revenue		<u>-</u>	 50	 		50
Total current liabilities		50,606	27,611	-		78,217
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES						
Net pension liability		-	184,893	-		184,893
Net other post-employment benefit liability		-	 96,469	 		96,469
Total noncurrent liabilities			 281,362	 		281,362
Total liabilities		50,606	308,973	 -		359,579
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pensions		-	19,765	-		19,765
Other post-employment benefits		-	 13,525	 -		13,525
Total deferred inflows of resources		<u>-</u>	 33,290	 <u>-</u>		33,290
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)						
Investment in capital assets		9,271	5,427	-		14,698
Unrestricted		32,463	 (227,779)	 20,291		(175,025)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	41,734	\$ (222,352)	\$ 20,291	\$	(160,327)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

OPERATING REVENUES	Stadiums		Wellness Hutchings Center Academy		-		Total Ionmajor rprise Funds
Local sources	\$ -	\$	31,929	\$	39,340	\$	71,269
	Ψ -	Ψ_		Ψ		Ψ	
Total operating revenues	-		31,929		39,340		71,269
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Enterprise operations	204,959		23,724		32,959		261,642
Maintenance and operations	19,112		-		-		19,112
Depreciation	1,605		1,447		-		3,052
Total operating expenses	225,676	_	25,171		32,959		283,806
Operating income (loss) before transfers	(225,676)	_	6,758		6,381		(212,537)
Transfers in	250,000		<u>-</u>				250,000
Change in net position	24,324		6,758		6,381		37,463
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), beginning of year, as restated	17,410		(229,110)		13,910		(197,790)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), end of year	\$ 41,734	\$	(222,352)	\$	20,291	\$	(160,327)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Stadiums		Wellness Center		utchings cademy	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING								
ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from local sources	\$	-	\$	31,929	\$ 39,340	\$	71,269	
Payments to suppliers		(134,984)		21,324	(30,496)		(144,156)	
Payments to employees		(45,978)		(33,992)	-		(79,970)	
Payments on behalf of employees		(4,207)		(18,242)	 		(22,449)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(185,169)		1,019	 8,844		(175,306)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Transfers from other funds		250,000		-	 -		250,000	
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		250,000		<u>-</u>	 		250,000	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		64,831		1,019	8,844		74,694	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		18,238		74,407	 11,447		104,092	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	83,069	\$	75,426	\$ 20,291	\$	178,786	
Classified as:								
Cash	\$	83,069	\$	-	\$ 20,291	\$	103,360	
Investments		-		75,426	-		75,426	
	\$	83,069	\$	75,426	\$ 20,291	\$	178,786	

(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Stadiums		Wellness Center		Hutchings Academy		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Fun	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(225,676)	\$	6,758	\$	6,381	\$	(212,537)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)								
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation		1,605		1,447		-		3,052
Decrease in prepaid items		-		-		2,463		2,463
Decrease in accounts payable		(3,961)		-		-		(3,961)
Increase in due to other funds		42,863		22,700		-		65,563
Decrease in payroll related liabilities				(29,886)		-		(29,886)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(185,169)	\$	1,019	\$	8,844	\$	(175,306)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

WORKERS' To account for the self-insured workers' compensation claims activity of

COMPENSATION the District.

UNEMPLOYMENTTo account for the provision of unemployment benefits of the employees of

COMPENSATION the District.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS			mployment npensation	To	otal Internal Service Funds
Cash Accounts receivable	\$	1,468,561 1,143	\$ 464,375 -	\$	1,932,936 1,143
Total assets		1,469,704	 464,375		1,934,079
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Accrued claims expense, current portion		115,840 484,431	- -		115,840 484,431
Total current liabilities		600,271			600,271
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accrued claims expense		484,432			484,432
Total liabilities		1,084,703	 		1,084,703
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted		385,001	 464,375		849,376
Total net position	\$	385,001	\$ 464,375	\$	849,376

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Workers' Compensation	Unemployment Compensation	Total Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES			
Local sources	\$ 1,961,716	\$ 256,528	\$ 2,218,244
Total operating revenues	1,961,716	256,528	2,218,244
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Central support services	-	27,440	27,440
Maintenance and operations	1,576,715	-	1,576,715
Total operating expenses	1,576,715	27,440	1,604,155
Change in net position	385,001	229,088	614,089
NET POSITION, beginning of year		235,287	235,287
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 385,001	\$ 464,375	\$ 849,376

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				Unemployment Compensation		otal Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from interfund services provided Payments for interfund services used	\$ 	1,960,754 (2,137,848)	\$	256,528 (39,194)	\$	2,217,282 (2,177,042)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(177,094)		217,334		40,240
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(177,094)		217,334		40,240
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,645,655		247,041		1,892,696
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,468,561	\$	464,375	\$	1,932,936
Classified as:						
Cash	<u> </u>	1,468,561	Φ.	464,375	Φ.	1,932,936
	\$	1,468,561	\$	464,375	\$	1,932,936
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	385,001	\$	229,088	\$	614,089
Increase in accounts receivable		(962)		-		(962)
Decrease in accounts payable		(538)		(11,754)		(12,292)
Decrease in accrued claims expense		(560,595)		-		(560,595)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(177,094)	\$	217,334	\$	40,240

AGENCY FUNDS

STUDENT ACTIVITY

To account for the portion of student activity funds related to school-wide

fund raising activities.

SECTION 125 CAFETERIA PLAN

To account for flex medical and dependent care for the employees of the

District.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Student Activity		Section 125 Cafeteria Plan		 Totals
ASSETS Cash Accounts receivable Investments Total assets	\$ 	406,844	\$	445,572 322 23,894 469,788	\$ 852,416 322 23,894 876,632
LIABILITIES Due to others Total liabilities	<u>\$</u> \$	406,844	\$ \$	469,788 469,788	\$ 876,632 876,632

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Bala July 1,		 ncreases	 Decreases	Balance ne 30, 2018
STUDENT ACTIVITY					
ASSETS					
Cash Accounts receivable	\$ 5	11,927 528	\$ 2,073,355	\$ 2,178,438 528	\$ 406,844
Prepaid and other assets		5,000	 <u> </u>	 5,000	
Total assets	<u>\$ 51</u>	7,455	\$ 2,073,355	\$ 2,183,966	\$ 406,844
LIABILITIES					
Due to others	<u>\$ 51</u>	7,455	\$ 2,073,355	\$ 2,183,966	\$ 406,844
Total liabilities	\$ 51	7,455	\$ 2,073,355	\$ 2,183,966	\$ 406,844
SECTION 125 CAFETERIA PLAN					
ASSETS					
Cash Investments		00,485 23,571	\$ 808,128 323	\$ 763,041	\$ 445,572 23,894
Accounts receivable		-	 322	 	 322
Total assets	\$ 42	24,056	\$ 808,773	\$ 763,041	\$ 469,788
LIABILITIES					
Due to others	\$ 42	24,056	\$ 808,773	\$ 763,041	\$ 469,788
Total liabilities	\$ 42	24,056	\$ 808,773	\$ 763,041	\$ 469,788
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS					
ASSETS					
Cash		12,412	\$ 2,881,483	\$ 2,941,479	\$ 852,416
Investments Accounts receivable	4	23,571 528	323 322	- 528	23,894 322
Prepaid and other assets		5,000	-	5,000	
Total assets	\$ 94	1,511	\$ 2,882,128	\$ 2,947,007	\$ 876,632
LIABILITIES					
Due to others	94	11,511	 2,882,128	 2,947,007	 876,632
Total liabilities	\$ 94	11,511	\$ 2,882,128	\$ 2,947,007	\$ 876,632



III. STATISTICAL SECTION

III. STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Bibb County School District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, required supplementary information, and supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	99 – 106
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significa revenue sources.	nt local
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Dist current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the fut	rict's
Demographic and Economic Information	
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and activities it performs.	w the

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the District's financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY ACTIVITY¹ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2009		2010		2011	 2012
Governmental activities						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 298,357,488	³ \$	322,745,988	³ \$	336,728,828 ³	\$ 345,725,006 ³
Restricted	5,133,225	2	1,760,689	2	42,340,704 4	35,715,288 4
Unrestricted	16,032,105		23,564,010		7,573,552	29,133,665
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 319,522,818	\$	348,070,687	\$	386,643,084	\$ 410,573,959
Business-type activities						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 9,577,078	\$	9,123,658	\$	8,555,886	\$ 8,372,765
Unrestricted	6,992,596		8,360,053		9,904,584	9,964,608
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 16,569,674	\$	17,483,711	\$	18,460,470	\$ 18,337,373
Primary government						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 307,934,566	³ \$	331,869,646	³ \$	345,284,714 ³	\$ 354,097,771 ³
Restricted	5,133,225	2	1,760,689	2	42,340,704 4	35,715,288 ⁴
Unrestricted	23,024,701		31,924,063		17,478,136	39,098,273
Total primary government net position	\$ 336,092,492	\$	365,554,398	\$	405,103,554	\$ 428,911,332

¹ Per Audited Financial Statements.

² Net position is restricted for debt service for the 2004 Contractual Obligation, related to the financing of the Central Office Building and the 2005 and 2006 General Obligation Bonds.

³ Increase in assets is due to completion of Capital Improvement Program construction projects.

⁴ Net position is restricted for debt service for the 2004 Contractual Obligation, related to the financing of the Central Office Building and the 2010 General Obligation Bonds.

⁵ Net position reflects the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 for pensions. Previous years were not updated to reflect the prior period adjustment required in FY15.

⁶ Net position reflects the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 for other post-employment benefit plans. Previous years were not updated to reflect the prior period adjustment required in FY18.

 2013	2014	_	2015	 2016	 2017	 2018
\$ 351,383,227 ³ 43,712,893 ⁴ 27,067,312 422,163,432	\$ 371,973,663 41,245,665 28,585,951 441,805,279	4	411,682,794 ³ 21,366,620 (167,355,742) ⁵ 265,693,672	430,576,027 ³ 23,290,305 (153,091,162) ⁵ 300,775,170	436,390,020 ³ 27,528,844 (145,486,012) ⁵ 318,432,852	445,487,053 ³ 32,943,977 (325,724,920) ^{5,6} 152,706,110
\$ 8,033,338 9,996,834 18,030,172	\$ 7,448,327 11,060,218 18,508,545	_	7,130,065 10,001,160 17,131,225	\$ 7,733,958 10,623,338 18,357,296	\$ 7,340,640 10,852,331 18,192,971	\$ 8,282,822 (8,280,908) 1,914
\$ 359,416,565 ³ 43,712,893 ⁴ 37,064,146 440,193,604	\$ 379,421,990 41,245,665 39,646,169 460,313,824	4	418,812,859 ³ 21,366,620 (157,354,582) ⁵ 282,824,897	438,309,985 ³ 23,290,305 (142,467,824) 319,132,466	443,730,660 27,528,844 (134,633,681) 336,625,823	\$ 453,769,875 32,943,977 (334,005,828) 152,708,024

CHANGES IN NET POSITION 1 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2009		2010		2011
Expenses					
Primary government:					
Governmental activities: Instruction	\$ 186,486,038	з\$	195,062,200	з\$	199,491,917
General administration	5,160,074		4,783,358	- +	4,668,333
Maintenance and operations	17,485,871		15,930,446		16,500,975
Student transportation	9,875,234		8,474,016		8,373,330
Interest on long-term debt	2,665,569		1,649,316		1,071,614
Total governmental activities expenses	221,672,786		225,899,336		230,106,169
Business-type activities:					
School food services	12,903,810		13,441,035		13,432,390
Stadiums	249,546		237,981		230,871
Wellness center Hutchings Academy	41,657		38,835		41,938
Total business-type activities expenses	13,195,013		13,717,851	_	13,705,199
Total primary government expenses	234,867,799	_	239,617,187	_	243,811,368
Program revenues					
Primary government:					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services, Instruction ⁵	5,181,042		4,916,137		4,442,339
Operating grants and contributions	124,491,161		135,185,194	2	147,108,861
Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues	9,548,527 139,220,730		334,270 140,435,601	_	1,048,870 152,600,070
	133,220,730		140,433,001	· —	132,000,070
Business-type activities: Charges for services:					
School food services	1,880,137		1,792,702		1,651,755
Stadiums	223,800		450		2,175
Wellness center	53,230		49,770		45,473
Hutchings Academy	-		-		-
Operating grants and contributions	11,609,534		12,514,978	_	12,722,185
Total business-type activities program revenues	13,766,701		14,357,900		14,421,588
Total primary government revenues	152,987,431		154,793,501		167,021,658
General revenues and other changes in net position					
Primary government: Governmental activities:					
Property taxes	71,635,050		76,107,910		77,490,597
Sales taxes	30,837,248		30,708,113		33,274,668
Other taxes	803,972		704,466		775,254
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	2,834,008		6,679,391		4,678,040
Investment earnings	1,171,573		71,788		109,937
Gain on sale of assets	(05.740		(000,004)		11,606
Transfers	(25,746)	(260,064)		(250,000)
Extraordinary item ⁴ in net position	1,091,763 108,347,868		114,011,604		116,090,102
·	100,547,000		114,011,004	· —	110,030,102
Business-type activities: Investment earnings	60,504		13,924		10,370
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	29,586		13,924		10,370
Transfers	25,746		260,064		250,000
in net position	115,836		273,988		260,370
in net position	108,463,704		114,285,592	_	116,350,472
Change in net position					
Governmental activities	25,895,812		28,547,869		38,584,003
Business-type activities	687,524		914,037	_	976,759
Total primary government change in net position	\$ 26,583,336	\$	29,461,906	\$	39,560,762

¹ Per Audited Financial Statements.

² Decrease in operating grants and contributions is due to a reduction in State QBE funding in 2009 due to the reduction in State Health insurance rates.

³ Decrease in instructional expenses is due to a decrease in the State Health Insurance rate for 2009 only.

⁴The Extraordinary Item reflects an insurance reimbursement due to the District for tornado damage.

⁵ All charges for services in governmental activities are allocated to the instruction function.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 203,772,832 5,861,574 16,352,520 8,625,627 591,481 235,204,034	\$ 205,659,113 6,211,520 18,236,055 9,152,170 252,873 239,511,731	\$ 190,364,402 5,215,289 20,426,804 11,549,958 19,671 227,576,124	\$ 196,468,392 5,167,493 20,132,996 10,594,376 151,109 232,514,366	\$ 195,955,268 4,759,529 19,187,800 9,152,453 104,347 229,159,397	\$ 216,651,601 6,459,667 19,014,928 11,004,051 96,142 253,226,389	\$ 222,758,006 7,572,905 19,637,436 12,850,636 83,679 262,902,662
14,985,982 236,514 79,914 - 15,302,410 250,506,444	15,831,626 224,022 41,180 - 16,096,828 255,608,559	14,894,576 257,388 37,533 - 15,189,497 242,765,621	16,482,281 238,188 51,403 - 16,771,872 249,286,238	16,970,986 248,195 44,548 17,263,729 246,423,126	17,831,199 266,576 218,188 7,089 18,323,052 271,549,441	19,148,812 225,676 25,171 32,959 19,432,618 282,335,280
4,356,387 123,193,096 133 127,549,616	2,985,532 137,796,072 630,000 141,411,604	3,022,010 135,353,965 2,106,421 140,482,396	2,863,690 141,585,311 5,969,435 150,418,436	3,273,133 144,741,808 9,751,642 157,766,583	5,272,721 150,667,178 216,527 156,156,426	4,604,926 153,748,947 1,213,603 159,567,476
1,632,573 2,825 39,775 - 13,245,440 14,920,613 142,470,229	1,572,918 8,100 51,745 - 13,911,752 15,544,515 156,956,119	1,410,199 8,325 44,525 14,040,401 15,503,450 155,985,846	896,391 2,384 42,642 - 16,576,213 17,517,630 167,936,066	1,021,825 2,700 38,165 17,170,063 18,232,753 175,999,336	829,349 120 34,990 20,999 16,960,358 17,845,816 174,002,242	774,008 - 31,929 39,340 16,600,007 17,445,284 177,012,760
74,724,411 34,782,651 778,481 21,469,657 80,093 - (250,000)	74,167,428 30,436,212 1,055,738 4,307,244 116,990 42,221 (230,000)	75,155,287 29,266,620 945,425 1,415,932 95,507 11,606 (154,802)	73,371,367 29,916,162 857,679 2,975,284 94,963 - (230,002)	73,941,113 29,746,664 1,148,187 1,731,235 137,113 - (230,000)	82,306,656 29,262,925 1,396,848 1,695,974 315,242 - (250,000)	83,045,079 31,467,695 1,061,942 7,881,481 949,070 - (250,000)
131,585,293	109,895,833	106,735,575 9,618	106,985,453	106,474,312	114,727,645	124,155,267
250,000 258,700 131,843,993	3,880 230,000 245,112 110,140,945	154,802 164,420 106,899,995	230,002 242,914 107,228,367	230,000 257,047 106,731,359	2,464 250,000 312,911 115,040,556	5,941 250,000 395,150 124,550,417
23,930,875 (123,097) \$ 23,807,778	11,795,706 (307,201) \$ 11,488,505	19,641,847 478,373 \$ 20,120,220	24,889,523 988,672 \$ 25,878,195	35,081,498 1,226,071 \$ 36,307,569	17,657,682 (164,325) \$ 17,493,357	20,820,081 (1,592,184) \$ 19,227,897

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ¹ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2009		2010	 2011 3	·	2012
General Fund							
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 92,982	\$	244,860
Restricted		-		-	42,727		-
Assigned		-		-	3,717,583		8,060,032
Unassigned		-		-	18,259,199		16,666,784
Reserved		685,198		1,292,518	=		=
Unreserved		10,840,762		15,410,414 ⁷	-		-
Total general fund	\$	11,525,960	\$	16,702,932	\$ 22,112,491	\$	24,971,676
All Other Governmental Funds							
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Restricted		-		-	42,297,977		40,245,768
Committed		-		-	2,314,783		2,274,362
Reserved		6,106,997 ⁶		1,760,689 ⁶	-		-
Unreserved, reported in:							
Special revenue funds		700,554		633,146	633,146		-
Capital projects funds		1,833,298		3,255,939	3,255,939		-
Total all other governmental funds	2	8,640,849	•	5,649,774	\$ 48,501,845 ²	\$	42,520,130

¹ Per Audited Financial Statements.

² The increase in fund balance is primarily due to the issuance of the Series 2010 General Obligation Bonds (\$30,000,000) on September 29, 2010.

³ The School District implemented GASB No. 54 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

⁴ The \$6.2 million decrease in the General Fund balance was primarily due to the use of reserve funds to finance FY 2009 governmental operations.

⁵ Continued reductions is due to the use of these funds to finance the 2005 Capital Improvement Program expenditures.

⁶ The increase in fund balance is primarily due to the increase in furlough days taken by District employees coupled with a concerted effort to curtail expenditures.

	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
\$	533,396	\$	609,305	\$	239,718	\$	410,957	\$	408,265	\$	222,902
	7,396,557 16,573,293		7,465,783 17,768,672		6,182,492 15,222,178		1,795,524 23,173,055		2,554,577 29,352,497		3,723,032 28,347,669
	-		-		-		-		-		-
\$	24,503,246	\$	25,843,760	\$	21,644,388	\$	25,379,536	\$	32,315,339	\$	32,293,603
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_	\$	6,823	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_	\$	_
Ψ	43,712,893 2,306,739	Ψ	41,245,665 1,969,668	Ψ	21,366,620 1,761,495	•	23,290,305 2,216,583	Ψ	27,528,844 2,098,827	Ψ	32,943,977 2,567,577
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
\$	46,019,632	\$	43,215,333	\$	23,134,938	\$	25,506,888	\$	29,627,671	\$	35,511,554

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ¹ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 107,880,029	\$ 110,920,286	\$ 116,883,410	\$ 114,926,700
State sources	111,055,542	98,802,821 ⁶	107,977,489	106,601,196
Federal sources	23,399,757	42,423,489 ⁶	39,504,593	41,682,410
Interest income	1,171,573 ⁵	71,788	109,937	80,093
On-behalf payments	2,007,493	493,035	547,296	296,016
Other sources	75,682	23,051	71,444	-
Total revenues	245,590,076	252,734,470	265,094,169	263,586,415
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	179,223,368	184,828,737	190,720,299	193,547,986
General administration	4,862,351	4,598,669	4,556,517	5,464,792
Maintenance and operations	17,200,273	15,806,509	16,252,755	16,225,211
Student transportation	8,944,807	7,566,211	7,488,491	7,858,200
On-behalf payments	2,007,493	493,035	547,296	296,016
Capital outlay	66,215,229	8,421,802 2	9,545,322	² 26,042,084
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	25,500,694	26,112,319	20,630,529	10,316,102
Interest and fiscal charges	3,285,050	2,226,069	1,729,622	1,312,666
Bond issuance costs	1,050	525	377,000	
Total expenditures	307,240,315	250,053,876	251,847,831	261,063,057
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(61,650,239)	2,680,594	13,246,338	2,523,358
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from capital lease	1,399,644	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	427,100	175,000	-	17,002
Bond proceeds	-	-	30,000,000	-
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	2,701,490	-
Transfers in	4,757,595	24,817,885 ³	24,591,646	28,754,722
Transfers out	(5,148,132)	(25,487,582)	(26,166,929)	(30,528,527)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,436,207	(494,697)	31,126,207	(1,756,803)
Extraordinary item	1,091,763			
Net change in fund balances	\$ (59,122,269)	\$ 2,185,897	\$ 44,372,545	\$ 766,555
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures	_	_		
	12.02%	11.66%	9.25%	4.94%

¹ Per Audited Financial Statements.

² Decrease in Capital Outlay is due to the sunset of the 2005 Capital Improvement Program.

³ Includes transfers from the SPLOST Fund to the Debt Service Fund for payment on the 2005 Bonds.

⁴ The Extraordinary Item reflects an insurance reimbursement due to the District for tornado damage.

⁵ Decrease in Interest Revenue is due to the reduction in funds available for investment as we complete the 2005 Capital Improvement Program projects as well as the significant reduction in interest rates.

⁶ Decrease in state revenues and increase in federal revenues is due to the replacement of state revenues with federal revenues by the State of Georgia along with an increase in federal funding due to the receipt of ARRA funding.

_	2013	_	2014	 2015	_	2016		2017	_	2018
\$	109,409,813	\$	109,365,858	\$ 107,455,922	\$	108,287,322	\$	120,115,562	\$	121,059,712
	103,222,294		103,047,361	116,258,325		127,153,940		119,476,359		133,181,720
	36,593,385		35,486,462	33,716,689		28,823,502		29,664,740		27,076,728
	116,990		95,507	94,963		137,113		315,242		949,070
	456,379		470,833	490,225		478,332		468,043		499,864
	42,221		11,606	 75,964		51,073		106,957		53,795
	249,841,082		248,477,627	 258,092,088		264,931,282		270,146,903		282,820,889
	188,285,121		180,180,576	191,986,673		188,558,129		196,085,273		213,156,741
	6,376,750		4,866,993	5,167,445		4,768,804		6,104,050		7,065,522
	18,027,739		19,930,398	19,903,719		19,009,020		18,307,905		18,579,959
	8,454,927		10,917,474	9,638,364		8,197,322		9,936,759		11,500,149
	456,379		470,833	490,225		478,332		468,043		499,864
	22,902,159		19,045,691	53,651,548		37,436,482		27,514,371		25,320,592
	11,652,770		11,578,392	434,231		291,486		327,774		502,236
	1,080,627		795,089	151,109		104,347		96,142		83,679
_	257,236,472	_	247,785,446	 281,423,314	_	258,843,922	_	258,840,317		276,708,742
	(7,395,390)		692,181	 (23,331,226)		6,087,360		11,306,586		6,112,147
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	10,108,763		-	-		608,902				
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	20,764,413		15,408,845	-		51		-		-
_	(20,446,714)		(17,564,811)	(948,541)		(589,215)		(250,000)		(250,000)
_	10,426,462		(2,155,966)	 (948,541)		19,738	_	(250,000)		(250,000)
	<u>-</u>		-	 -		-		-		-
\$	3,031,072	\$	(1,463,785)	\$ (24,279,767)	\$	6,107,098	\$	11,056,586	\$	5,862,147

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Asses	sed \	/alue		
Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	 Industrial Property		Motor Vehicle Property	Other Property	Total Property
2009	\$1,901,158,428	\$1,319,503,758	\$ 401,994,543	\$	335,337,890	\$ 186,710,140	\$4,144,704,759
2010	2,341,798,092	1,556,431,280	399,391,541	·	359,153,810	208,388,119	4,865,162,842
2011	2,314,060,733	1,516,041,435	362,589,484		349,085,600	204,613,278	4,746,390,530
2012	2,281,356,418	1,491,104,317	367,285,446		347,406,200	241,146,055	4,728,298,436
2013	2,184,969,532	1,441,064,425	352,449,693		338,215,220	239,112,624	4,555,811,494
2014	2,141,522,348	1,459,212,160	340,062,977		357,594,990	247,068,452	4,545,460,927
2015	2,096,647,260	1,455,905,068	360,473,200		301,551,920	253,240,795	4,467,818,243
2016	2,034,777,589	1,475,420,757	385,341,214		210,348,700	262,818,098	4,368,706,358
2017	2,023,324,452	1,514,467,545	401,927,651		158,458,740	270,981,269	4,369,159,657
2018	2,008,937,892	1,572,253,004	457,218,675		118,018,850	279,915,930	4,436,344,351

Source: Bibb County Tax Commissioner's Office

Notes: The county assesses property at 40% of actual value. Actual tax value is calculated by dividing assessed value (before exemptions) by 40%. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

	7	Total Taxable Propert	у		
l	Less Exemptions	Assessed Value	Actual Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
\$	379,612,640	\$3,765,092,119	\$ 10,361,761,898	19.7988	36.34%
	390,804,653	4,474,358,189	12,162,907,105	17.9450	36.79%
	378,145,013	4,368,245,517	11,865,976,325	17.9450	36.81%
	389,946,690	4,338,351,746	11,820,746,090	17.9450	36.70%
	384,341,159	4,171,470,335	11,389,528,735	17.9450	36.63%
	379,268,253	4,166,192,674	11,363,652,318	17.9450	36.66%
	391,859,575	4,075,958,668	11,169,545,608	17.9450	36.49%
	396,425,213	3,972,281,145	10,921,765,895	17.9450	36.37%
	398,899,448	3,970,260,209	10,922,899,143	19.9450	36.35%
	423,265,034	4,013,079,317	11,090,860,878	19.8140	36.18%

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2009	2010	2011	
Bibb County School District				
Maintenance and Operations	\$ 19.7988	\$ 17.9450	\$ 17.9450	
Total Direct Rate - School District	<u>\$ 19.7988</u>	\$ 17.9450	\$ 17.9450	
County Rates (Direct)				
General	\$ 11.6739	\$ 10.0030	\$ 10.0030	
Bond	-	-	-	
Fire District	1.3748_	1.2040	1.2055	
Total Direct Rate - County	\$ 13.0487	\$ 11.2070	\$ 11.2085	
City Rates				
Macon				
General	\$ 10.1600	\$ 9.8000	\$ 9.8000	
Bond	-	-	-	
Total Direct Rate - City	<u>\$ 10.1600</u>	\$ 9.8000	\$ 9.8000	

Source: Bibb County Tax Commissioner's Office

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 17.9450	\$ 17.9450	\$ 17.9450	\$ 17.9450	\$ 17.9450	\$ 19.9450	\$ 19.8140
\$ 17.9450	\$ 17.9450	\$ 17.9450	\$ 17.9450	\$ 17.9450	\$ 19.9450	\$ 19.8140
\$ 12.0030	\$ 12.0030	\$ 12.0030	\$ 14.6520	\$ 14.6520	\$ 14.6520	\$ 17.6520
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.4885	1.5162	1.5199	-	-	-	-
\$ 13.4915	\$ 13.5192	\$ 13.5229	\$ 14.6520	\$ 14.6520	\$ 14.6520	\$ 17.6520
\$ 9.8000	\$ 9.7000	\$ 9.7000	\$ 4.8500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-
	\$ 9.7000	\$ 9.7000	\$ 4.8500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

			2009				
Employer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	
Graphic Packaging International, Inc.	\$ 85,101,849	1	2.14%	\$ 61,366,700	S 1	1.63%	
Georgia Power Company	73,091,512	2	1.84%	39,029,470		1.04%	
Norfolk Southern Combined Railroad	43,021,340	3	1.08%	, ,		-	
Coliseum Medical Centers	36,853,666	4	0.93%	25,370,239	8 (0.67%	
YKK (USA), Inc.	32,288,578	5	0.81%	56,016,664	1 2	1.49%	
Shoppes at River Crossing, LLC	25,813,174	6	0.65%			-	
Armstrong World Industries, Inc.	24,035,956	7	0.61%	24,797,202	2 9	0.66%	
Wal-Mart	21,306,364	8	0.54%	27,662,600	5 7	0.73%	
DDRTC Eisenhower Crossing, LLC	18,832,640	9	0.47%			-	
Atlanta Gas Light Co.	17,064,076	10	0.43%			-	
Bellsouth (AT&T) Telecommunications	-	-	-	30,508,003	3 6	0.81%	
Macon Mall	-	-	-	37,248,15	7 4	0.99%	
Paragon Trade Brands, Inc.	-	-	-	35,240,55	5	0.94%	
Atlantic Southeast Airlines	-	-	-	23,191,36	7 10	0.62%	
	\$ 377,409,155	<u>-</u> '	9.50%	\$ 360,430,97		9.58%	

Source: Bibb County Tax Commissioner's Office

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Taxes Levied			Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy				Tax Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year	Tax Year		for the Fiscal Year riginal Levy)	Adjustments	Total Adjusted Levy	Amount	Percentage of Original Levy		llections in bsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Adjusted Levy
2009	2008	\$	74,544,306	\$ (358,415)	\$ 74,185,891	\$ 71,846,462	96.38%	\$	1,822,713	\$ 73,669,175	99.30%
2010	2009		80,292,358	(712,967)	79,579,391	72,902,664	90.80%		6,281,468	79,184,132	99.50%
2011	2010		78,388,166	450,155	78,838,321	75,026,552	95.71%		3,323,620	78,350,172	99.38%
2012	2011		77,851,722	(609,636)	77,242,086	73,518,853	94.43%		3,365,247	76,884,100	99.54%
2013	2012		74,857,035	135,083	74,992,118	72,188,549	96.44%		2,334,901	74,523,450	99.38%
2014	2013		74,762,330	396,649	75,158,979	70,398,953	94.16%		2,124,980	72,523,933	96.49%
2015	2014		73,143,079	833,595	73,976,674	68,935,730	94.25%		1,977,070	70,912,800	95.86%
2016	2015		71,282,586	1,102,490	72,385,076	68,223,914	95.71%		1,726,790	69,950,704	96.64%
2017	2016		79,190,029	1,293,859	80,483,888	76,340,411	96.40%		1,144,735	77,485,146	96.27%
2018	2017		79,518,277	711,774	80,230,051	76,557,481	96.28%		-	76,557,481	95.42%

Source: Bibb County Tax Commissioner's Office

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Governmental Activities											
	General			Total	% of							
Fiscal	Obligation	Capital	Note	Primary	Personal		Per					
Year	Bonds	Leases	Payable	Government	Income 1	Population	Capita ²					
2009	\$ 46,292,205 ³	\$ 3,118,950 4	-	\$ 49,411,155	0.99%	155,216	318.34					
2010	20,339,517 5	2,506,631	-	22,846,148	0.46%	156,460	146.02					
2011	32,122,599 ⁶	1,876,102	-	33,998,701	0.68%	155,547	218.58					
2012	22,130,745 7	780,000	-	22,910,745	0.41%	156,433	146.46					
2013	11,213,891 8	5,445,157 9	\$ 3,935,839 10	20,594,887	0.37%	156,462	131.63					
2014	_ 11	4,571,791	3,865,810	8,437,601	0.15%	155,791	54.16					
2015	-	-	3,633,734	3,633,734	0.06%	154,314	23.55					
2016	-	-	3,342,248	3,342,248	0.06%	153,721	21.74					
2017	-	-	3,014,474	3,014,474	0.05%	152,760	19.73					
2018	-	-	2,512,238	2,512,238	0.04%	152,862	16.43					

¹ Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Note: Amounts above do not include the debt for the Academy for Classical Education (ACE) charter school.

¹ Notes: See additional personal income data on Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 112.

² Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

² Notes: See additional population statistics on Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 112.

³ Includes 2005 General Obligation Bonds of \$45,500,000 plus unamortized Bond Premium of \$792,205. The reduction is due to the payoff of the 2006 General Obligation Bonds and the partial payment of the 2005 Bonds.

⁴ Increase is due to the lease/purchase of 17 school buses.

⁵ Includes 2005 General Obligation Bonds of \$20,000,000 plus unamortized Bond Premium of \$339,517. The reduction is due to a \$25,500,000 principal payment made on the 2005 Bonds in March 2010.

⁶ Includes 2010 General Obligation Bonds of \$30,000,000 plus unamortized Bond Premium of \$2,122,599. The final payment on the 2005 Bonds was made in March 2011.

⁷ Includes 2010 General Obligation Bonds of \$20,780,000 plus unamortized Bond Premium of \$1,350,745. The reduction is due to a \$9,220,000 principal payment made on the 2010 Bonds in March 2012.

⁸ Includes 2010 General Obligation Bonds of \$10,635,000 plus unamortized Bond Premium of \$578,891. The reduction is due to a \$10,145,000 principal payment made on the 2010 Bonds in March 2013.

⁹ Increase is due to the Macon Promise Neighborhood Capital Lease.

¹⁰ Increase is due to the Wipro Note payable.

¹¹ Decrease is due to the payoff of the 2010 General Obligation Bonds. The final payment of \$10,635,000 was made in March 2014.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	Total	% of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2009	\$ 46,292	\$ 5,133 ²	\$ 41,159	0.40%	265
2010	20,339 3	387	19,952	0.16%	128
2011	32,123	14,311 4	17,812	0.15%	114
2012	22,131 ⁵	10,795	11,336	0.10%	72
2013	11,214 ⁶	10,269	945	0.01%	6
2014	_ 1	-	-	0.00%	-
2015	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2016	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2017	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2018	-	-	-	0.00%	-

¹ The \$11.2 million decrease in GO Bonds is due to the final payment being made on the Series 2010 Issue in March 2014.

² The \$23.7 million decrease in debt service reflects the first principal payments made in March 2009 on the Series 2005 and 2006 Bond Issues (\$10,500,000 and \$14,535,000, respectively).

³ The \$25.9 million decrease in debt service reflects a principal payment made in March 2010 on the Series 2005 Issue (\$25,500,000).

⁴ The \$13.9 million increase in debt service represents the amount reserved to cover the first principal payment on the Series 2010 Issue in April 2012.

⁵ The \$9.9 million decrease in GO Bonds reflects a principal payment made in March 2012 on the Series 2010 Issue (\$9,220,000).

 $_{6}$ The \$10.9 million decrease in GO Bonds reflects a principal payment made in March 2013 on the Series 2010 Issue (\$10,145,000).

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS ¹

	 2009		2010		2011		2012	
Debt limit	\$ 394,416,758	\$	447,435,819	\$	436,824,552	\$	433,835,175	
Total net debt applicable to limit	 45,500,000 2		20,000,000 3		30,000,000 4		20,780,000	
Legal debt margin	\$ 348,916,758	\$	427,435,819	\$	406,824,552	\$	413,055,175	

¹ Source: Bibb County Tax Commissioner's Office

² Represents \$56.0 million General Obligation Bonds issued December 29, 2005 and \$14.535 million General Obligation Bonds issued February 1, 2006 for the 2005 Capital Improvement Program.

³ Represents \$20.0 million General Obligation Bonds issued December 29, 2005 for the 2005 Capital Improvement Program.

⁴ Represents \$30 million General Obligation Bonds issued September 29, 2010 for the 2010 Capital Improvement Program.

	2013		2014		2015		2016	_	2017		2018
\$	417,147,034	\$	416,619,267	\$	405,595,866	\$	397,228,115	\$	397,026,021	\$	401,307,932
	10,635,000										
\$	406,512,034	\$	416,619,267	\$	405,595,866	\$	397,228,115	\$	397,026,021	\$	401,307,932
Tot	al net debt appl			0.00%							
Leg	gal Debt Margin	Calcı	ulation for Fisca	l Year	2018						
Gro	ss tax digest for	the S	chool District as	of Jan	uary 1, 2017					\$	4,436,344,351
Les	s school bond ex	empt	ions								423,265,034
Net	bond tax digest										4,013,079,317
Deb	Debt limit (10% of net bond tax digest)										
Less amount of outstanding debt applicable to limit											<u>-</u>
Leg	Legal debt margin										

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2018

	Debt Percer		Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt	
rirect Contractual Obligation Debt					
Contractual Obligation Debt	\$	2,512,238	100%	\$	2,512,238
Total Direct Contractual Obligation Debt		2,512,238		·	2,512,238
Overlapping Debt General Obligation Debt		4.475.000	4000/		4.475.000
Series 2012 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Bonds - County		4,175,000	100%		4,175,000
Series 2012 SPLOST County unamortized premium		123,086	100%		123,086
Series 2012 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Bonds - City		3,700,000	100%		3,700,000
Series 2012 SPLOST City unamortized premium		30,477	100% 100%		30,477
Series 2017 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Bonds Series 2017 SPLOST Unamortized premium		35,000,000 5,194,890	100%		35,000,000 5,194,890
Series 2017 Tax Allocation District Bonds Second Street		3,174,277	100%		3,174,277
Total Overlapping General Obligation Debt		51,397,730	100 /8		51,397,730
Contractual Obligation Debt Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority Revenue Bonds			4000/		
Series 2015 Revenue Refunding Bass Pro Shop Project and Sofkee Park		8,250,000	100%		8,250,000
Series 2015 Revenue Refunding unamortized premium Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Revenue Bonds		327,968	100%		327,968
Series 2007 Hotel Project		7,845,000	100%		7,845,000
Series 2010 Revenue Refunding		4,330,000	100%		4,330,000
Series 2010 Revenue Refunding unamortized premium		44,862	100%		44,862
Series 2013B Public Projects		1,995,000	100%		1,995,000
Series 2013B Public Projects unamortized premium		24,108	100%		24,108
Series 2015A Revenue Bonds		12,190,000	100%		12,190,000
Series 2015B Revenue Bonds		6,240,000	100%		6,240,000
Series 2016A Revenue Bonds		3,985,910	100%		3,985,910
Series 2016B Revenue Bonds		2,000,000	100%		2,000,000
Series 2017A Revenue Refunding Bonds		14,965,000	100%		14,965,000
Series 2017A Revenue Refunding Bonds unamortized premium		2,954,299	100% 100%		2,954,299
Series 2017B Revenue Refunding Bonds		3,285,000			3,285,000
Series 2017B Revenue Refunding Bonds unamortized premium		34,018 13,452,000	100% 100%		34,018 13,452,000
Certificates of Participation Capital Lease		917,681	100%		917,681
Macon-Bibb County Urban Development Authority Promissory Note		1,288,954	100%		1,288,954
Total Overlapping Contractual Obligation Debt		84,129,800	10076		84,129,800
Total Overlapping Debt		135,527,530			135,527,530
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$	138,039,768		\$	138,039,768

Source: Macon-Bibb County

Notes

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the County. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Bibb County. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and, therefore, responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population ¹	Personal Income ² (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income ²	Median Age ³	School Enrollment	Unemploymen Rate ⁴	
2009	155,216	\$ 4,956,780	\$ 31,935	35.95	24,968 ⁶	10.2% ⁷	
2010	156,460	4,972,280	31,780	34.94	25,109 ⁵	10.7%	
2011	155,547	5,476,147	35,206	35.50	24,961 ⁸	10.9%	
2012	156,433	5,592,551	35,750	35.60	24,730 ⁹	10.4%	
2013	156,462	5,570,724	35,604	36.00	24,508 ¹⁰	10.0%	
2014	155,791	5,684,094	36,485	36.10	24,180 ¹¹	8.7%	
2015	154,314	5,725,181	37,101	36.30	24,354 ¹²	7.2% ³	
2016	153,721	5,899,611	38,379	36.50	24,457 ¹³	6.1%	
2017	152,760	6,008,761	39,335	35.60	23,988 14	6.0%	
2018	152,862	6,119,162	40,031	36.80	24,110 ¹⁵	4.5%	

¹ Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates Program.

² Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. Figures are for the prior calendar year.

³ Source: Middle GA Regional Development Center.

⁴ Source: GA Department of Labor.

⁵ FY 2010 includes Pre-Kindergarten through 12th Grade plus 106 students served by Residential Treatment Facilities.

⁶ Includes Pre-Kindergarten through 12th Grade plus 114 students served by Residential Treatment Facilities.

⁷ Substantial increase in the unemployment rate is due to the collapse of local, state, national and international (global) economies related to the downturn in housing, financial and other related industries.

⁸ FY 2011 includes Pre-Kindergarten through 12th Grade plus 51 students served by Residential Treatment Facilities.

⁹ FY 2012 includes Pre-Kindergarten through 12th Grade plus 21 students served by Residential Treatment Facilities.

¹⁰ FY 2013 includes Pre-Kindergarten through 12th Grade plus 31 students served by Residential Treatment Facilities.

¹¹ FY 2014 includes Pre-Kindergarten through 12th Grade plus 49 students served by Residential Treatment Facilities.

¹² FY 2015 includes Pre-Kindergarten through 12th Grade plus 48 students served by Residential Treatment Facilities and 759 students enrolled at the Academy for Classical Education (ACE) Charter School.

¹³ FY 2016 includes Pre-Kindergarten through 12th Grade plus 44 students served by Residential Treatment Facilities and 1.130 students enrolled at the Academy for Classical Education (ACE) Charter School.

¹⁴ FY 2017 includes Pre-Kindergarten through 12th Grade plus 62 students served by Residential Treatment Facilities and 1,394 students enrolled at the Academy for Classical Education (ACE) Charter School.

¹⁵ FY 2018 includes Pre-Kindergarten through 12th Grade plus 26 students served by Residential Treatment Facilities and 1,541 students enrolled at the Academy for Classical Education (ACE) Charter School.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2018			2009	
			Percentage of Total			Percentage of Total
<u>Employer</u>	Employees ⁴	Rank⁴	Employment ²	Employees ¹	Rank ¹	Employment ²
GEICO	5,500	1	7.90%	3,978	2	4.70%
Navicent Health Medical Center	4,800	2	6.89%	4,000	1	4.73%
Bibb County School District	3,359 ³	3	4.82%	3,776 ³	3	4.46%
Macon-Bibb Government	1,805	4	2.59%	-	-	-
Coliseum Health Systems	1,760	5	2.53%	1,250	6	1.48%
Mercer University	1,000	6	1.44%	1,340	5	1.58%
Wal-Mart Super Stores	998	7	1.43%	-	-	-
YKK (USA), Inc.	790	8	1.13%	740	8	0.87%
United States Postal Service	740	8	1.06%	683	9	0.81%
Ricoh USA	680	9	0.98%	-	-	-
Georgia Farm Bureau Federation	600	10	0.86%	-	-	-
The Boeing Company	554	11	0.80%	505	10	0.60%
City of Macon, Georgia	-	-	-	1,400	4	1.65%
Bibb County, Georgia		-		931	7	1.10%
	22,586		32.43%	18,603		21.98%

¹ Source: Macon-Bibb County Industrial Authority.

² Source: Georgia Department of Labor.

³ Source: District records, does not include Academy for Classical Education (ACE) charter school employees.

⁴ Source: Macon Economic Development Commission

OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Total						
Fiscal	Governmental Activities	Full Student	Cost per	Percentage	Teaching Staff	Pupil/ Teacher	
Year	Expenditures ¹	Membership ²	Pupil	Change	(FTEs) ³	Ratio	
2009	\$ 221,672,786	24,968	8,878	-3.69%	\$ 1,653	15.10	
2010	225,899,336	25,109	8,997	1.33%	1,650.86	15.21	
2011	230,106,169	24,961	9,219	2.47%	1,667.23	14.97	
2012	235,204,034	24,730	9,511	3.17%	1,572.38	15.73	
2013	239,511,731	24,508	9,773	2.75%	1,585.06	15.46	
2014	227,576,124	24,180	9,412	-3.69%	1,519.13	15.92	
2015	232,514,366	24,354	9,547	1.44%	1,573.03	15.48	
2016	229,159,397	24,457	9,370	-1.86%	1,553.20	15.75	
2017	253,226,389	23,988	10,556	12.66%	1,518.00	15.80	
2018	262,902,662	24,110	10,904	3.30%	1,619.94	14.88	

¹ Per Audited Financial Statements.

Note: The FY 2015 through FY 2018 student membership includes the Academy for Classical Education (ACE) charter school's students.

² Source: School District Records (includes Pre-Kindergarten through 12th Grade).

³ Source: GA Department of Education: Full-Time Equivalent teaching slots.

DISTRICT EMPLOYEES¹ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(as of October 31 of each fiscal year)

	2009	2010	2011
Classroom Teachers	1,841	1,825	1,686
Administrators and Supervisors	194	154	187
Media Specialists, Guidance Counselors, and Psychologists	125	129	114
Professional/Technical Support	70	121	61
Aides and Clerical Personnel	696	622	637
Transportation and Maintenance Personnel	272	261	283
Food Service Personnel and Custodians	509	478	449
Other	69	38	78
	3,776	3,628	3,495

¹ Source: School District Records.

² Increase due to reclassification of Academic/Career/Instructional/Performance Learning Coaches from classroom teachers to Media Specialists, Guidance Counselors and Psychologists.

³ Increase due to additional substitute bus drivers and monitors on payroll.

⁴ Decreases due to district-wide staffing reductions as a result of decreases in revenue.

⁵ Decreases due to district-wide staffing reductions and the opening of the new Academy for Classical Education (ACE) charter school. ACE's employee information is not included.

⁶ Increase due to additional bus drivers and monitors required to accommodate academic program changes.

Increase due to additional part-time cafeteria employees required to serve charter schools and student enrollment increases.

⁸ Increase due to efforts to reduce student/teacher ratio.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1,665	1,527	1,563	1,523	1,541	1,531	1,587 ⁸
184	184	208	205	212	212	211
167 ²	154	159	155	154	155	142
62	56	53	56	62	75	76
625	578	553	526	554	561	576
284	251	278	247	288 ⁶	300	305
454	445	446	392	419 ⁷	424	443
101 ³	78	54	82	114 ³	74	73
3,542	3,273 4	3,314	3,186 5	3,344	3,332	3,413

TEACHER SALARIES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	N	lumber of	Full and Pa	rt Time Te	achers ²		Minimum Salary (based on	Maximum Salary (based on	Bibb Co Average	Statewide Average
Fiscal	4 Yr	5 Yr	6 Yr	7 Yr			4 yr cert/	7 yr cert/	Annual	Annual
Year	Bachelors	Masters	Specialists	Doctoral	Other	Total	0 yrs exp) ¹	21 ⁺ yrs exp) ¹	Salary ²	Salary ²
2009	790	713	189	15	3	1,710	\$33,749	\$78,099	\$50,222	\$52,823
2010	728	725	223	19	10	1,705	33,749	78,099	50,668	53,138
2011	582	786	335	85	9	1,797	33,749	78,099	49,740	54,274
2012	599	727	247	27	3	1,603 ³	33,749	78,099	51,569	53,002
2013	631	700	242	31	9	1,613	33,749	78,099	51,304	52,956
2014	605	653	254	33	3	1,548	33,749	78,099	51,540	52,973
2015	668	643	251	37	6	1,605	33,749	78,099	50,821	53,424
2016	646	651	240	40	6	1,583	33,749	78,099	50,665	54,215
2017	622	648	223	43	11	1,547	34,760	80,441	52,462	55,530
2018	681	675	240	40	12	1,648	34,760	80,441	48,201	56,333

¹ Source: School District records.

Note: The FY 2015 through FY 2018 teacher salary information includes the Academy for Classical Education (ACE) charter school teachers.

² Source: Georgia Department of Education.

³ Decrease in number of teachers is due to a change in the staffing allocation formulas coupled with the loss of positions formerly funded with federal ARRA funds.

FREE & REDUCED PRICE LUNCH ELIGIBILITY¹ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(as of October 31 of each fiscal year)

Fiscal Year	Number of Students Eligible for Free Meals		Number of Students of Students Eligible for Eligible Free and Re		Total Number of Students Eligible for Free and Reduc Price Meals		Total Student Enrollment (FTE)	% of Students Eligible for Reduced Price Meals	
2009	16,948		1.747	18,695		24,968	74.88%		
2010	17,682		1,570	19,252		25,109	76.67%		
2011	18,046		1,237	19,283		24,961	77.25%		
2012	18,249		1,043	19,292		24,730	78.01%		
2013	18,401		1,130	19,531		24,508	79.69%		
2014	18,729		1,085	19,814		24,180	81.94%		
2015	23,990		-	23,990		24,354	98.51%		
2016	24,263	2	-	24,263	2	24,457	99.21%		
2017	22,644	2	-	22,644	2	23,988	94.40%		
2018	24,080	2	-	24,080	2	24,110	99.88%		

¹ Source: Georgia Department of Education.

Note: In fiscal year 2015, the School District implemented the Community Eligibility Provision (CEP), whereby all students are eligible to eat free and reimbursement is based on a pre-determined percentage of total meals served. The Academy for Classical Education (ACE) Charter School students are included in these totals.

² Source: School District Records.

	FY 2009		FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012
ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS					
LEXANDER II MAGNET					
irade levels served	K - Gr 5		K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5
Square feet	80,263		80,263	63,559	63,559
Capacity	554	28	554	554	554
nrollment	572	14	545	546	552
ARDEN					
Grade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5
Square feet	62,445		62,445	62,445	62,445
apacity	536	28	536	536	536
nrollment	414		379	387	367
ERND					
rade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
quare feet	60,102	27	60,102	60,102	60,102
apacity	480	28	480	480	480
nrollment	525		502	473	454
ROOKDALE	323		002		10 1
rade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
rade levels served quare feet	58,713	27	58,713	58,713	58,713
		28			
apacity	628	11	628	628	628
nrollment	482	•	412	477	480
RUCE	D 1/ 2 -		D. 1. 0 -	D. 14 0 =	D. 14 0 =
rade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5	27	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
quare feet	58,271	28	58,271	58,271	58,271
apacity	443	20	443	443	443
nrollment	540		478	468	459
URDELL/HUNT MAGNET					
rade levels served	K - Gr 5		K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5
quare feet	62,181		62,181	62,181	62,181
apacity	573	28	573	573	573
nrollment	488		497	487	491
URGHARD					
rade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
quare feet	57,745		57,745	57,745	57,745
apacity	499	28	499	499	499
nrollment	378		388	370	361
URKE					
rade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		_	16	_
quare feet	53,812		_	_	_
apacity	517	28	_	_	_
nrollment	352		-	<u>-</u>	_
ARTER	332		-	-	_
	Dro V . C- 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Dro V Cr.	Bro V C- 5
rade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5	27		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
quare feet	61,945	28	61,945	61,945	61,945
apacity	517	20	517	517	517
nrollment	515		562	570	562
ANFORTH			_		_
rade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
quare feet	50,140		50,140	50,140	50,140
apacity	462	28	462	462	462
nrollment	358		350	369	279
ARTLEY					
rade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
quare feet	62,187		62,187	62,187	62,187
apacity	536	28	536	536	536
nrollment	363		384	^{21,16} 374	356
EARD	300		331	3. 1	230
rade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
440 10 VOID 361 V64			1 16 K - GI 3	1 16 K - GI 3	1 16 K - GI 3
	110				

FY 2018	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013
K - Gr	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5
80,26	80,263	80,263	63,559	63,559	63,559
52	554	554	554	554	554
				586 ¹⁴	
50	518	524	526	586	536
	- ³⁷	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5
	-	62,445	62,445	62,445	62,445
	-	536	536	536	536
	-	287	374	373	372
Pre K - Gr	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
56,65	56,654	56,654	60,102	60,102	60,102
4	480	480	480	480	480
4	411	400	415	450	467
44	411	400	415	450	407
Pre K - Gr	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
59,87	59,879	59,879	58,713	58,713	58,713
62	628	628	628	628	628
3	376	407	473	459	481
Pre K - Gr	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
58,2	58,271	58,271	58,271	58,271	58,271
4	443	443	443	443	443
44	471	469	506	510	500
K - Gr	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5
62,18	62,181	62,181	62,181	62,181	62,181
52	573	573	573	573	573
5	495	500	542	507	501
	_	_ 32	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
	_	_	57,745	57,745	57,745
			499	499	499
	-	-	310	320	325
	-	-	310	320	325
	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
Pre K - Gı	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
61,94	61,945	61,945	61,945	61,945	61,945
5	517	517	517	517	517
46	468	505	543	592	579
		_ 33	Pre K - Gr 5	Pro K Or 5	Dro K - Cr 5
	-	- '		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
	-	-	50,140	50,140	50,140
	-	-	462	462	462
	-	-	328	331	302
Pre K - Gr	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
62,18	62,187	62,187	62,187	62,187	62,187
52	536	536	536	536	536
48	443	436	437	466	411
40					

	FY 2009		FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012
Square feet	41,485	27	41,485	41,485	41,485
Capacity	591	28	591	591	591
Enrollment	584		632	652	652
HERITAGE					
Grade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
Square feet	72,146	27	72,146	72,146	72,146
Capacity	610	28	610	610	610
Enrollment	715	11	702	751	762
INGRAM/PYE					
Grade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
Square feet	46,205	21	75,492	²¹ 75,492	75,492
Capacity	425	28	591	591	591
Enrollment	310		632	¹⁶ 602	579
JONES					
Grade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
Square feet	63,368	27	63,368	63,368	63,368
Capacity	443	28	443	443	443
Enrollment	448		435	410	439
LANE					
Grade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
Square feet	47,830	27	47,830	47,830	47,830
Capacity	425	28	425	425	425
Enrollment	497		511	542	535
MARTIN LUTHER KING JR (MLK)					
Grade levels served	-		-	-	-
Square feet	-		-	-	-
Capacity	-		-	-	-
Enrollment	-		-	-	-
MORGAN					
Grade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
Square feet	54,839		54,839	54,839	54,839
Capacity	480	28	480	480	480
Enrollment	485	11	518	509	497
PORTER					
Grade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
Square feet	50,321	27	50,321	50,321	50,321
Capacity	480	28	480	480	480
Enrollment	528		542	522	508
RICE					
Grade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5	07	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
Square feet	56,364	27	56,364	56,364	56,364
Capacity	499	28	499	499	499
Enrollment	513		579	558	558
RILEY					
Grade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
Square feet	55,971	20	55,971	55,971	55,971
Capacity	480	28	480	480	480
Enrollment	409		444	401	432
SKYVIEW					
Grade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5	27	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
Square feet	76,463	27	76,463	76,463	76,463
Capacity	591	28	591	591	591
Enrollment	703	11	658	566	579
SOUTHFIELD					
Grade levels served	-		-	-	-
Square feet	-		-	-	-
Capacity	-		-	-	-
Enrollment	-		-	-	-

FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
41,485	41,485	96,544	96,544	96,544	96,544
591	591	750	750	750	775 ³⁹
645	586	584	625	584	577
Pre K - Gr 5					
72,146	72,146	72,146	72,146	72,146	72,146
610	610	610	610	610	650 ³⁹
819	816	765	748	727	765
Pre K - Gr 5					
75,492	75,492	75,492	75,492	75,492	75,492
591	591	591	591	591	650 ³⁹
638	668	635	628	476	456
Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	_ 33	-	-
63,368	63,368	63,368	-	-	-
443	443	443	-	-	- ³⁹
417	363	335	-	-	-
Pre K - Gr 5					
47,830	47,830	47,830	47,830	47,830	47,830
425	425	425	425	425	438 39
518	518	531	503	534	477
_	_	_	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
_	_	_	96,612	96,612	96,612
_	_	_	750	750	775 ³⁹
-	-	-	685	738	720
Pre K - Gr 5	_ 37	_ 37			
54,839	54,839	54,839	54,839	_	_
480	480	480	480	-	_ 39
526	514	503	414	-	-
Pre K - Gr 5					
50,321	50,321	50,321	50,321	50,321	50,321
480	480	480	480	480	475 ³⁹
495	477	461	455	460	418
Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	_ 32	_	
56,364	56,364	56,364			
499	499	499			39
484	511	527	-	-	-
Dro V Cr 5	Dro V. Cr.F	Dro V. Cr.F	Dro V. Cr.F	Dro V. Cr.F	Dro V. Cr. F
Pre K - Gr 5					
55,971	55,971	55,971	55,971	55,971	55,971 500 ³⁹
480 409	480 420	480 409	480 348	480 370	349
D. 1/ 0.5	D. K. O. 5				
Pre K - Gr 5					
76,463	76,463	76,463	76,463	76,463	76,463
591	591	591	591	591	675 ³⁹
545	542	522	515	500	496
-	-	-	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
-	-	-	114,883	114,883	114,883
-	-	-	900	900	900 39
-	-	-	807	803	837

	FY 2009		FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012
SPRINGDALE	,				
Grade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
Square feet	72,276	27	72,276	72,276	72,276
Capacity	628	28	628	628	628
Enrollment	622		622	662	659
TAYLOR					
Grade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
Square feet	71,309	27	71,309	71,309	71,309
Capacity	554	28	554	554	554
Enrollment	540		518	567	594
JNION					
Grade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5		Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
Square feet	71,683	27	71,683	71,683	71,683
Capacity	591	28	591	591	591
Enrollment	686	11	667	623	610
/ETERANS					
Grade levels served	-		_	_	_
Square feet	_		_	_	_
Capacity			_	-	_
Enrollment	- -		- -	-	_
/INEVILLE MAGNET	-		-	-	_
Grade levels served	K - Gr 5		K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5
Square feet	69,629	27			
	499	28	69,629	69,629	69,629
Capacity			499	499	499
Enrollment	476		504	516	535
WILLIAMS	Day K. O. F.		David On 5	D. K. O. F.	D. K. O. F
Grade levels served	Pre K - Gr 5	27	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
Square feet	63,956	28	63,956	63,956	63,956
Capacity	462	20	462	462	462
Enrollment	336		352	350	309
MIDDLE SCHOOLS					
APPLING					
Grade levels served	Gr 6 - Gr 8	07	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8
Square feet	109,674	27	109,674	109,674	109,674
Capacity	784	28	784	784	784
Enrollment	686		682	630	629
BALLARD					
Grade levels served	Gr 6 - Gr 8		Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8
Square feet	108,398	27	108,398	108,398	108,398
Capacity	804	28	804	804	804
nrollment	604	11	587	525	484
BLOOMFIELD					
Grade levels served	Gr 6 - Gr 8		Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8
Square feet	114,883	27	114,883	114,883	114,883
Capacity	941	28	941	941	941
Enrollment	610	11	541	512	511
HOWARD					
Grade levels served	Gr 6 - Gr 8		Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8
Square feet	126,479	27	126,479	126,479	126,479
Capacity	902	28	902	902	902
nrollment	939	11	918	1,032	1,013
MILLER	333		310	1,002	1,013
	Gr 6 - Gr 8		Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8
	GI 0 - GI 0	27	116,050	116,050	116,050
Grade levels served	116.050				110.000
Square feet	116,050	28			
arade levels served Square feet Capacity Enrollment	116,050 804 778		804 845	804 774	804 785

FY 2018	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013
Pre K - Gr	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
72,27	72,276	72,276	72,276	72,276	72,276
65	628	628	628	628	628
61	557	570	622	684	693
Pre K - Gr	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
71,30	71,309	71,309	71,309	71,309	71,309
62	554	554	554	554	554
55	552	526	568	567	564
Pre K - Gr	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
71,68	71,683	71,683	71,683	71,683	71,683
65	591	591	591	591	591
50	507	548	653	587	612
Pre K - Gr	Pre K - Gr 5	-	_	-	_
109,20	109,200	-	-	-	-
77	775	_	-	_	_
85	811	-	-	-	-
PreK - Gr	PreK - Gr 5	PreK - Gr 5	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5
69,62	69,629	69,629	69,629	69,629	69,629
50	499	499	499	499	499
49	534	503	560	555 ¹⁴	534
Pre K - Gr	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5	Pre K - Gr 5
63,95	63,956	63,956	63,956	63,956	63,956
47	462	462	462	462	462
33	289	279	296	311	308
Gr 6 - Gr	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8
109,67	109,674	109,674	109,674	109,674	109,674
80	784	784	784	784	784
55	583	609	634	649	604
Gr 6 - Gr	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8
108,39	108,398	108,398	108,398	108,398	108,398
87	804	804	804	804	804
72	756	737	390	401	455
	-	_ 34	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8
	-	-	114,883	114,883	114,883
	-	-	941	941	941
	-	-	467	473	526
Gr 6 - Gr	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8
126,47	126,479	126,479	126,479	126,479	126,479
87	902	902	902	902	902
99	926	933	921	1,024	1,023
-		0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	C+6 C+9	Gr 6 - Gr 8
	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	010-010
Gr 6 - Gr	Gr 6 - Gr 8 128,564	Gr 6 - Gr 8 128,564	Gr 6 - Gr 8 116,050	116,050	116,050
Gr 6 - Gr 128,56 80					

	FY 2009		FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012
Grade levels served	Gr 6 - Gr 8		Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8
Square feet	126,479	27	126,479	126,479	126,479
Capacity	902	28	902	902	902
Enrollment	998		1,030	1,023	977
VEAVER			,	,	
Grade levels served	Gr 6 - Gr 8		Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8
Square feet	120,277	27	120,277	120,277	120,277
Capacity	1,039	28	1,039	1,039	1,039
Enrollment	884		818	898	964
HIGH SCHOOLS					
CENTRAL					
Grade levels served	Gr 9 - Gr 12		Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12
Square feet	107,025		202,844	¹⁹ 202,844	202,844
Capacity	861	28	1,008	1,008	1,008
Enrollment	1,119	29	1,094	1,073	1,035
HOWARD	1,110		1,004	1,070	1,000
Grade levels served	Gr 9 - Gr 11		Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12
Square feet	164,155	29	177,130	³ 177,130	177,130
Capacity	1,008		1,008	1,008	1,008
nrollment	753		1,103	²⁹ 1,134	1,006
IUTCHINGS	133		1,103	1,134	1,130
Grade levels served	Gr 9 - Gr 12		Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12
	132,693	27		100,074	100,074
Square feet	798	28	132,693 798	798	798
Capacity Enrollment	380		346	798 296	318
IORTHEAST	300		340	290	310
	Gr 9 - Gr 12		Gr 9 - Gr 12	Cr.0. Cr.12	Gr 9 - Gr 12
Grade levels served		27		Gr 9 - Gr 12	
Square feet	231,914	28	231,914	231,914	231,914
Capacity	1,008		1,008	1,008	1,008
nrollment	883		835	813	736
RUTLAND	0 0 0 40		0 0 0 40	0 0 0 10	0 0 0 10
Grade levels served	Gr 9 - Gr 12	27	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12
Square feet	159,322	28	159,322	159,322	159,322
Capacity	861	20	861	861	861
nrollment	1,125		1,176	1,132	1,126
OUTHWEST					
Grade levels served	Gr 9 - Gr 12		Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12
Square feet	155,184	28	192,511	132,311	192,511
Capacity	1,407	20	1,008	1,008	1,008
inrollment	855		933	994	969
VESTSIDE					
Grade levels served	Gr 9 - Gr 12	27	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12
Square feet	183,187	27	183,187	183,187	183,187
Capacity	1,071	28 29	1,071 1,123	1,071 1,140	1,071
rinollment	1,293		1,123	1,140	1,198
HARTER SCHOOL CADEMY FOR CLASSICAL EDUCATION					
Grade levels served	_		_	_	_
equare feet	_		-	-	_
Capacity	_		<u>-</u>	- -	_
rapacity Enrollment	-		-	-	-
IACON CHARTER ACADEMY	-		-	-	-
Grade levels served					
	-		-	-	-
Equare feet Capacity	-		-	-	-

FY 2018	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013
Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8			
126,479	126,479	126,479	126,479	126,479	126,479
875	902	902	902	902	902
883	896	912	881	942	969
000	000	312	001	J+2	303
Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8			
120,277	120,277	120,277	120,277	120,277	120,277
950	1,039	1,039	1,039	1,039	1,039
914	809	788	841	875	924
Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12			
202,844	202,844	202,844	202,844	202,844	202,844
1,225	1,008	1,008	1,008	1,008	1,008
1,118	1,143	1,097	1,082	1,063	1,049
1,110	1,143	1,097	1,002	1,005	1,043
Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12			
186,130	177,130	177,130	177,130	177,130	177,130
1,200	1,008	1,008	1,008	1,008	1,008
1,249	1,256	1,300	1,186	1,137	1,228
-	-	- 35	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12
-	-	-	100,074	100,074	100,074
-	-	-	798	798	798
-	-	-	217	295	319
Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12			
231,914	231,914	231,914	231,914	231,914	231,914
1,525	1,008	1,008	1,008	1,008	1,008
741	743	746	630	660	660
741	743	740	630	000	000
Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12			
159,322	159,322	159,322	159,322	159,322	159,322
950	861	861	861	861	861
1,024	1,053	1,087	1,062	1,042	1,094
00.0.40	0.0.0.0.10	00010	00010	0.0.0.10	2-0-0-40
Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12			
192,511	192,511	192,511	192,511	192,511	192,511
1,262	1,008	1,008	1,008	1,008	1,008
830	852	866	854	930	995
Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12			
183,187	183,187	183,187	183,187	183,187	183,187
1,138	1,071	1,071	1,071	1,071	1,071
1,137	1,128	1,094	1,109	1,046	1,141
.,	.,.20	.,00 .	.,	.,6.16	.,
K - Gr 10	K - Gr 10	K - Gr 9	K - Gr 8	-	-
130,000	130,000	130,000	130,000 ³¹	-	-
1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127	-	-
1,541	1,394	1,130	759	-	-
	38	K - Gr 8	_	_	_
			-	-	-
		60,000	-	-	-
		000			
		900 640	-	-	-

	FY 2009		FY 2010		FY 2011	FY 2012
SPECIALTY SCHOOLS						
BARDEN ACADEMY OF EXCELLENCE						
Grade levels served	-		-		-	-
Square feet	-		-		-	-
Capacity	-		-		-	-
Enrollment	-		-		-	-
BLOOMFIELD ACADEMY OF EXCELLENCE						
Grade levels served	-		-		-	-
Square feet	-		-		-	-
Capacity	-		-		-	-
Enrollment	-		-		-	-
BUTLER				8		
Grade levels served	Pre K		-	0	-	-
Square feet	22,023	28	-		-	-
Capacity	171	20	-		-	-
Enrollment ELAM ALEXANDER	108		-		-	-
Grade levels served	K - Gr 6		K - Gr 6		K - Gr 6	K - Gr 6
Square feet	27,909	27	27,909		27,909	27,909
Capacity	190	28	190		190	190
Enrollment	-	18	-	18	-	-
HUTCHINGS ACADEMY OF EXCELLENCE						
Grade levels served	-		-		-	-
Square feet	-		-		-	-
Capacity	-		-		-	-
Enrollment NEEL ALTERNATIVE	-		-		-	-
Grade levels served	Gr 6 - Gr 12		Gr 6 - Gr 8	9	_	_
Square feet	35,481	27	35,481		-	-
Capacity	285	28	285		-	-
Enrollment NORTHWOODS ACADEMY	-	18	-	18	-	-
Grade levels served	-		PreK - K	8	PreK	PreK - K
Square feet	-		39,398		39,398	39,398
Capacity	-		210		210	210
Enrollment	-		159		182	197
RENAISSANCE/TEEN PARENT CENTER						
Grade levels served	Gr 6 - Gr 12	10	-		-	-
Square feet	22,564	27	-		-	-
Capacity	114	28	-		-	-
Enrollment	-	17	_		-	_

FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017		FY 2018
K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5	K - Gr 5		_	36	_		_
4,086	4,086	4,086		-		-		-
120	120	120		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8	Gr 6 - Gr 8		_	36	-		-
3,150	3,150	3,150		-		-		-
96	96	96		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
K - Gr 6	K - Gr 6	K - Gr 6		K - Gr 6		K - Gr 6		K - Gr 6
27,909	27,909	27,909		27,909		27,909		53,986
190	190	190		190		190		462
_ 18	- 18	-	18	-	18	-	18	-
Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12		-	36	-		-
4,226	4,226	4,226		-		-		-
144	144	144		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
PreK - K	PreK - K	PreK - K		PreK - K		PreK - K		PreK - K
39,398	39,398	39,398		39,398		39,398		39,398
210	210	210		210		210		100
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		_

	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012
R J WILLIAMS COMPLEX	<u></u>			
Grade levels served	-	-	-	-
Square feet	-	-	-	-
Capacity	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
SOAR ACADEMY				
Grade levels served	-	-	-	-
Square feet	-	-	-	-
Capacity	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
Sub Total	24,854	25,003	24,910	24,709
Students housed in				
Residential Treatment Facilities	114_	106	51	21
Grand Total	24,968	25,109	24,961	24,730

¹ Footnote not used.

² Footnote not used.

³ New addition of a field house to facility.

⁴ Footnote not used.

⁵ Bruce Elementary and Weir Elementary Schools began the process of merging during the 2003-2004 school year. During that school year, students in grades K-2 were housed at Weir and the students in grades 3-5 were housed in Bruce. During the 2004-2005 school year, all students were housed at the Weir facility while the Bruce facility was being completely rebuilt. For the 2005-2006 school year, Weir closed and the students moved into a newly constructed facility located on the Bruce Elementary School site.

⁶ Footnote not used.

Newly constructed Southwest High School opened for students for the 2009-2010 school year. The new facility was built on the same site and the old facility was demolished.

⁸ The Butler Early Childhood Center was closed at the end of the 2008-2009 school year. The early childhood program was moved to the newly constructed Northwoods Academy at the beginning of the 2009-2010 school year. In the 2012-2013 school year, Northwoods Academy was reclassified by the GA Department of Education as a program rather than a school and the Pre-K students were counted at their home.

_	FY 2018	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013
	Gr 9 - Gr 12	Gr 9 - Gr 12	-	_	-	-
	56,715	56,715	-	-	-	-
39	225	225	-	-	-	-
18		- 18	-	-	-	-
	Gr 6 - Gr 12	Gr 6 - Gr 12	-	_	-	-
	100,074	100,074	-	-	-	-
39	798	798	-	-	-	-
18		_ 18	-	-	-	-
	24,074	23,926	24,413	24,307	24,131	24,477
_	26	62_	44	48	49	31
	24,100	23,988	24,457	24,355	24,180	24,508

SCHOOL DATA 19 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

- At the beginning of the 2009-2010 school year, students in grades 9-12 who were assigned to an alternative setting through the evidentiary hearing process were enrolled in the newly contracted Ombudsman program rather than being assigned to Neel Academy. Students in middle schools who were assigned to an alternative setting were still assigned to Neel Academy. At the beginning of the 2010-2011 school year, the Ombudsman program began serving middle and high school students and Neel Academy was closed. The Ombudsman program was discontinued at the end of the 2011-2012 year and the Bibb Academy of Excellence was established at the beginning of the 2012-2013 school year with three locations at Barden Elementary School, Bloomfield Middle School, and Hutchings Career Center.
- The Renaissance Academy/Teen Parent Center closed at the end of the 2008-2009 school year.
- 11 Enrollment fluctuations caused by redistricting.
- Footnote not used.
- Footnote not used.
- Additional classes added at magnet school.
- 15 The square footage for the adjoining Central Kitchen was inadvertently included in the square footage for the Hutchings Career Center. The square
- ¹⁶ Burke School was closed at the end of the 2008-2009 school year and the students were rezoned to Hartley and Ingram/Pye during the 2009-2010 school year.
- ¹⁷ For the 2003-2004 and the 2004-2005 school years only, separate FTE counts were reported for the Renaissance Academy and the Teen Parent Center. During the 2005-2006 school year, the District reverted back to its prior practice of reporting these students at their home schools.
- Students are counted at their home schools.
- ¹⁹ Newly constructed Central High School opened for students for the 2009-2010 school year. The new facility was built on the same site and the old facility was demolished.
- Footnote not used
- ²¹ Hamilton School was closed at the end of FY 2007 and the students were rezoned to Hartley and Ingram/Pye. The Ingram/Pye students were housed at the former Hamilton School facility during the two years of reconstruction of the Ingram/Pye facility. The students moved into the new facility in the 2009-
- ²² Footnote not used.
- ²³ Footnote not used.
- ²⁴ Footnote not used.
- ²⁵ Footnote not used.
- ²⁶ Footnote not used.
- ²⁷ New software was used in the computation of the square footage of each of the District's facilities as a part of the development process for the new Local Facilities Plan (LFP). The new software eliminated square footage for areas such as overhangs and provided a much more comprehensive and accurate accounting for the square footage at each facility and resulted in fluctuations in square footage from FY 2008 to FY 2009 in some facilities.
- ²⁸ Capacity for each facility is determined each year using a formula approved by the Board which factors in the number of permanent classrooms available at a school, the maximum class size requirements of the GA DOE and a utilization factor which takes into account the different class sizes for extra curricular activities and times when the classrooms are not being utilized.
- ²⁹ Newly constructed Howard High School opened for students in grades 9-11 for the 2008-2009 school year and began serving students in grades 9-12 in the 2009-2010 school year. Students were redistricted from Central High School and Westside High School.
- ³⁰ The District purchased a web-based software facility maintenance program in July 2011. As the floor plans were being transferred to the data base, it was discovered that a building which existed before the renovations in FY 2002 had been demolished, but the square footage was still being reported.
- ³¹ The Academy for Classical Education (ACE) charter school building is 200,000 square feet, but as of June 30, 2015 they only occupied 130,000 square feet of this space.
- ³² Burghard and Rice Elementary Schools were closed at the end of the FY 2015 school year. The students were consolidated and moved into the Southfield Elementary facility, which is the former Bloomfield Middle School building, at the beginning of the FY 2015-2016 school year.
- ³³ Danforth and Jones Elementary Schools were closed at the end of the FY 2015 school year. The students were consolidated and moved into the newly constructed Martin Luther King Jr. (MLK) Elementary facility at the beginning of the FY 2015-2016 school year.
- ³⁴ Bloomfield Middle School was closed at the end of the FY 2015 school year. The students were consolidated with the Ballard Hudson Middle School students and moved into the Ballard Hudson Middle School facility at the beginning of the FY 2015-2016 school year.
- 35 Hutchings College and Career Academy was closed at the end of the FY 2015 school year. The students were dispersed to their zoned high school.
- ³⁶ Barden Academy of Excellence, Bloomfield Academy of Excellence and Hutchings Academy of Excellence were closed at the end of the FY 2015 school year with the opening of the new Bibb County Alternative School. The Bibb County Alternative School is located on the campus of the former Hutchings
- ³⁷ Barden and Morgan Elementary Schools were closed at the end of the FY 2016 school year. The students were consolidated and moved into the newly constructed Veterans Elementary facility at the beginning of the FY 2016-2017 school year. This new facility is located on the old Morgan Elementary site.
- 38 Macon Charter Academy, the District's second charter school, was closed in August 2016.
- 39 School capacity figures have been updated to refelct the FTE Mid-Range calculated per GADOE regulation 160-5-4.16(a)4.

Notes:

All other enrollment fluctuations are due to the transient population in this community.

Pre-Kindergarten classes are moved between sites based on the number of applications received.



IV. SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Board of Education of the Bibb County School District Macon, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bibb County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bibb County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 28, 2019. This report does not include the results of our testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that have been reported in the separately issued financial statements and reports of the discretely presented component unit, the Academy for Classical Education. Our report includes a reference to a change in accounting principle resulting from the implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Bibb County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bibb County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bibb County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2018-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Bibb County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*

The Bibb County School District's Response to Findings

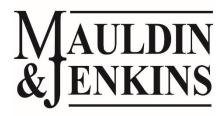
The Bibb County School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Bibb County School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia January 28, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Members of the Board of Education of the Bibb County School District Macon, Georgia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Bibb County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Bibb County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The Bibb County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of audit results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Bibb County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Bibb County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Bibb County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Bibb County School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2018-002. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

Bibb County School District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Bibb County School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Bibb County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Bibb County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bibb County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2018-002 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Bibb County School District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Bibb County School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia January 28, 2019

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Contract or Project Number	Total Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE: Passed through Georgia Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster			
USDA - Food Distribution	10.555	N/A	\$ 1,084,167
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	4,281,884
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	10,678,324
School Snack Program	10.555	N/A	124,053
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.000	1471	16,168,428
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	N/A	341,392
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			16,509,820
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE Direct Program: Junior R.O.T.C.	Unknown	06/07	360,987
Total U. S. Department of Defense	OHKHOWH	00/07	360,987
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION: Direct Programs:			
GEAR UP	84.334	P334A110258	1,845,132
Carol M. White Physical Education Program Grant	84.215F	S215F160333	653,829
Subtotal direct programs, Department of Education			2,498,961
Passed through Georgia Department of Education:			
Title I Programs - Improving Academic Achievement	84.010	551-100-30	11,910,137
Title I Programs - School Improvement Grant Total Title I, Part A	84.010	551-200-576	803,495 12,713,632
Title I Programs - School Improvement Grant	84.377	607/691	\$ 2,664,164
Title I Programs - Migrant Education	84.011	127	16,975
Special Education Cluster			
Title VI-B Flowthrough	84.027	39	5,871,395
Title VI-B PL 94-142 SED Centers	84.027	184	748,424
IDEA-Capacity Building Grant	84.027	712	59,124
High Cost Pool	84.027	625	46,140
Title VI-B Preschool Incentive Total, Special Education Cluster	84.173	37	97,397 6,822,480
Title II - Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	569/143	1,314,287
Title III - Part A	84.365	565	42,870
(Continued)			

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Contract or Project Number	Ex	Total penditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION (CONTINUED):				
Title IV-B, 21st Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	578	\$	579,635
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	429/430		329,253
Education of Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	573-100-55		54,623
Title IV - Part A Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	721		228,036
Title I Programs, Part E - Striving Readers Cluster				
Striving Readers - Kindergarten - Grade 5	84.371	665		6,853
Striving Readers - Middle Schools	84.371	663		3,038
Striving Readers - High Schools	84.371	664		2,917
Striving Readers - Birth - Five years	84.371	662		2,812
Total, Title I, Part E Cluster				15,620
Total Passed through Georgia Department of Education				24,781,575
Total U. S. Department of Education				27,280,536
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	44,151,343

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Bibb County School District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the financial statements.

NOTE 2. DE MINIMIS COST RATE

The School District elected not to use the 10% de minimis cost rate for the year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTE 3. NON-CASH AWARDS

The School District received non-cash awards under the National School Lunch Program, CFDA 10.555, in the amount of \$1,084,167, for the year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTE 4. SUBRECIPIENTS

The School District did not pass through any funds to subrecipients in the year ended June 30, 2018.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

A.	SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS	
	Financial Statements	
	Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	Material weaknesses identified?	X_Yes No
	Significant deficiencies identified not considered	
	to be material weaknesses?	YesX_ None Reported
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	YesX_ No
	<u>Federal Awards</u>	
	Internal control over major programs:	
	Material weaknesses identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
	Significant deficiencies identified not considered	
	to be material weaknesses?	X Yes None Reported
	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for	
	major programs	Unmodified
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be	
	reported in accordance with the Uniform Gudiance?	_X_Yes No
	(Continued)	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

A.	SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS (CONTINUED)	
	Identification of major programs:	
		U.S. Department of Education
		Title I Cluster
	84.010	Title I Programs - Improving Academic Achievement
	84.010	Title I-A - School Improvement Grant
		U.S. Department of Agriculture
		School Nutrition Cluster
	10.555	National School Lunch Program
	10.553	School Breakfast Program
	10.555	USDA – Food Distribution
	10.555	School Snack Program
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	
	Type A and Type B programs:	\$1,324,540
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes X No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

B. FINDINGS: FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

2018-001. Accounts Receivables and Revenues

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles require accounts receivable and related revenues be recognized in the accounting period in which they are measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Condition: At year-end, accounts receivable and related revenues were not properly recorded in the General Fund and the SPLOST Fund.

Context: During our testing of accounts receivable and revenues, we noted errors in reconciling a listing of grant receipts with the general ledger. Additionally, the District did not record a receivable for amounts related to fiscal year 2018 that were not received until July 2018.

Effect: Audit adjustments were required to reflect accounts receivable and related revenues due and payable to the District as of year-end. These adjustments were as follows:

- General Fund net effect to decrease intergovernmental revenue and receivables in the amount of \$234,218 in order to reconcile the listing of grant receipts to the general ledger; and the net effect to increase intergovernmental revenue and receivables in the amount of \$30,426, in order to properly record state revenue.
- SPLOST Fund net effect to increase intergovernmental receivable and related revenue in the amount of \$2,745,394, in order to record the current year accrual of SPLOST revenue.

Recommendation: We recommend internal controls over accounts receivable and related revenues be strengthened to ensure amounts due and payable to the District as of year-end are properly reported.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: We concur. Additional controls will be implemented to ensure accounts receivable is properly reported..

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS: MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

2018-002. Controls over Allowable Costs and Allowable Activities – Child Nutrition Cluster, CFDA 10.553 and 10.555

Criteria: The OMB Compliance supplement requires that costs charged to federal programs are adequately documented and that payments are proper and are in line with the principles of 2 CFR part 200, subpart E.

Condition: Improper costs were charged to the Child Nutrition Cluster grant. In addition, the District did not adequately document a federal expenditure charged to the Child Nutrition Cluster grant.

Context: The District charged time loss expenditures to the Child Nutrition Cluster grant for non-Child Nutrition employees during the year ended June 30, 2018. In addition, one Child Nutrition Cluster invoice was paid prior to management's approval.

Effect: The District's controls over its allowable costs/costs princples were insufficient as it relates to payroll expenditures.

Recommendation: We recommend the District strengthen internal controls over its federal expenditures, to ensure the District only charges allowed costs to the grant and that costs are adequately documented.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: We concur with the finding. Additional controls will be implemented to ensure only allowable costs/activities are charged to federal programs and that federal expenditures are adequately documented.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

2017-001. Compliance with Reporting of Financial Data – Child Nutrition Cluster, CFDA 10.553 and 10.555

Criteria: The Georgia Department of Education requires local educational agencies receiving Child Nutrition Services funds to submit monthly financial data. Data must be submitted no later than the 15th calendar day of the month following the claim month. As established by the Uniform Guidance Reporting requirements, financial reports must be accurate and complete.

Condition: The submissions of the monthly financial data reports were untimely and the reports were materially incorrect and incomplete.

Auditee Response/Status: Resolved.



MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

2018-001. Accounts Receivables and Revenues

Name of the Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action Plan: Vicki Hulett, Executive Director of Accounting

Corrective Action Plan: All grants and accounts receivable items will be reviewed at year end for accuracy. All deposits received in the two months after year end will be scrutinized for necessary recording of receivables and revenues for the previous year end. Checklists of items which are normal receivables at year end will be used to help with this task.

Anticipated Completion Date: Fiscal year 2019

2018-002. Compliance and Controls over Allowable Costs and Allowable Activities – Child Nutrition Cluster, CFDA 10.553 and 10.555

Name of the Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action Plan: Timikel Sharpe, School Nutrition Director; Myra Abrams, School Nutrition Director HR

Corrective Action Plan: All School Nutrition payrolls will be submitted to the School Nutrition Department to Myra Abrams, Director HR and Timikel Sharpe, Executive Director for review after payroll has been completed. School Nutrition will submit timesheets to payroll with proper documentation for payroll processing according to the payroll calendar. When a final payroll proof is run, the Central Office School Nutrition Accountant will review the payroll by using the employee rosters supplied by School Nutrition. Payroll has to meet payroll calendar pay dates, therefore the next School Nutrition review takes place after payroll has been posted but before School Nutrition reimburses the General Fund for the School Nutrition payroll. The Accounting Department sends the posted payroll to School Nutrition. Myra Abrams will review and analyze the reports for accuracy. Any questions, errors, or discrepancies will be discussed with the School Nutrition Director, noted and reported to Janeseia Roberts in the Accounting Department for correction and verification prior to approval being granted. Approval will be given in writing by Mrs. Abrams. School Nutrition will be given at least 24 hours to review and submit a response. The Central Office School Nutrition Accountant will make corrections by journal entry and send a copy of the correction to the School Nutrition office. Payment to the General Fund will take place after any necessary corrections have been completed.

Anticipated Completion Date: Fiscal year 2019